

UR75 Router

User Guide



Xiamen Milesight IoTCo., Ltd.

Preface

Thanks for choosing Milesight UR75 industrial cellular router. The UR75 industrial cellular router delivers tenacious connection over network with full-featured design such as automated failover/failback, extended operating temperature, dual SIM cards, hardware watchdog, VPN, Fast Ethernet and beyond.

This guide describes how to configure and operate the UR75 industrial cellular router. You can refer to it for detailed functionality and router configuration.

Readers

This guide is mainly intended for the following users:

- Network Planners
- On-site technical support and maintenance personnel
- Network administrators responsible for network configuration and maintenance

© 2011-2020 Xiamen Milesight IoT Co., Ltd.

All rights reserved.

All information in this user guide is protected by copyright law. Whereby, no organization or individual shall copy or reproduce the whole or part of this user guide by any means without written authorization from Xiamen Milesight lot Co., Ltd.

Related Documents

Document	Description
UR75 Datasheet	Datasheet for the UR75 industrial cellular router.
UR75 Quick Start Guide	Quick Installation guide for the UR75 industrial cellular router.

Declaration of Conformity

UR75 is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the CE, FCC, and RoHS.





For assistance, please contact Milesight technical support: Email: iot.support@milesight.com Tel: 86-592-5085280 Fax: 86-592-5023065

Revision History

Date	Doc Version	Description
July 29, 2020	V 1.0	Initial version
July 31, 2020	V 1.1	2 RS485 optional
Dec. 9, 2020	V 2.0	Layout replace



Contents

Chapter 1 Product Introduction	8
1.1 Overview	
1.2 Advantages	8
1.3 Specifications	9
1.4 Dimensions (mm)	12
Chapter 2 Access to Web GUI	13
2.1 PC Configuration	13
2.2 Access to Web GUI of Router	14
Chapter 3 Web Configuration	16
3.1 Status	16
3.1.1 Overview	16
3.1.2 Cellular	
3.1.3 Network	
3.1.4 WLAN	
3.1.5 VPN	
3.1.6 Routing	
3.1.7 Host List	
3.1.8 GPS	
3.2 Network	
3.2.1 Interface	
3.2.1.1 Link Failover	24
3.2.1.2 Cellular	26
3.2.1.3 Port	
3.2.1.4 WAN	29
3.2.1 <mark>.5 Brid</mark> ge	
3.2.1 <mark>.6 WLAN</mark>	
3.2.1 <mark>.7 S</mark> witch	
3.2.1 <mark>.8 Loopback</mark>	
3.2.2 DHCP	
3.2.2.1 DHCP Server	
3.2.2.2 DHCP Relay	
3.2.3 Firewall	
3.2.3.1 Security	41
3.2.3.2 ACL	
3.2.3.3 Port Mapping	
3.2.3.4 DMZ	
3.2.3.5 MAC Binding	
3.2.3.6 Custom Rules	
3.2.3.7 SPI	46
3.2.4 QoS	47
3.2.5 VPN	
3.2.5.1 DMVPN	48

	3.2.5.2 IPSec Server	49
	3.2.5.3 IPSec	52
	3.2.5.4 GRE	54
	3.2.5.5 L2TP	56
	3.2.5.6 PPTP	58
	3.2.5.7 OpenVPN Client	60
	3.2.5.8 OpenVPN Server	61
	3.2.5.9 Certifications	63
	3.2.6 IP Passthrough	66
	3.2.7 Routing	66
	3.2.7.1 Static Routing	66
	3.2.7.2 RIP	67
	3.2.7.3 OSPF	70
	3.2.7.4 Routing Filtering	76
	3.2.8 VRRP	76
	3.2.9 DDNS	
3.3	System	80
	3.3.1 General Settings	80
	3.3.1.1 General	
	3.3.1.2 System Time	
	3.3.1.3 Email	83
	3.3.1.4 Storage	
	3.3.2 Phone&SMS	85
	3.3.2.1 Phone	85
	3.3.2.2 SMS	
	3.3.3 User Management	87
	3.3.3 <mark>.1 Account</mark>	87
	3.3.3 <mark>.2 Use</mark> r Managem <mark>ent</mark>	88
	3.3.4 SN <mark>MP</mark>	89
	3.3.4 <mark>.1</mark> SNMP	89
	3.3.4 <mark>.2 MIB</mark> View	90
	3.3.4. <mark>3 VACM</mark>	90
	3.3.4.4 Trap	91
	3.3.4.5 MIB	92
	3.3.5 AAA	92
	3.3.5.1 Radius	92
	3.3.5.2 TACACS+	93
	3.3.5.3 LDAP	94
	3.3.5.4 Authentication	95
	3.3.6 Device Management	95
	3.3.6.1 DeviceHub	95
	3.3.6.2 Milesight VPN	96
	3.3.7 Events	98
	3.3.7.1 Events	98

3.3.7.2 Events Settings	
3.4 Industrial Interface	
3.4.1 I/O	101
3.4.1.1 Dl	101
3.4.1.2 DO	
3.4.2 Serial Port	
3.4.3 Modbus Slave	
3.4.3.1 Modbus TCP	
3.4.3.2 Modbus RTU	
3.4.3.3 Modbus RTU Over TCP	107
3.4.4 Modbus Master	108
3.4.4.1 Modbus Master	
3.4.4.2 Channel	
3.4.5 GPS	111
3.4.5.1 GPS	
3.4.5.2 GPS IP Forwarding	
3.4.5.3 GPS Serial Forwarding	
3.5 Maintenance	
3.5.1 Tools	
3.5.1.1 Ping	
3.5.1.2 Traceroute	
3.5.1.3 Packet Analyzer	
3.5.1.4 Qxdmlog	
3.5.2 Debugger	
3.5.2.1 Cellular Debugger	116
3.5.2.2 Firewall Debugger	117
3.5.3 Log	
3.5.3 <mark>.1 Sys</mark> tem Log	
3.5.3 <mark>.2 L</mark> og Download	119
3.5.3 <mark>.3 Log Settings</mark>	120
3.5.4 Upg <mark>rade</mark>	121
3.5.5 Back <mark>up and Restore</mark>	121
3.5.6 Reboot	
3.6 APP	123
3.6.1 Python	
3.6.1.1 Python	123
3.6.1.2 App Manager Configuration	
3.6.1.3 Python App	
Chapter 4 Application Examples	126
4.1 Restore Factory Defaults	126
4.1.1 Via Web Interface	126
4.2.2 Via Hardware	127
4.2 Firmware Upgrade	
4.3 Events Application Example	

4.4 SNMP Application Example	129
4.5 Network Connection	132
4.5.1 Cellular Connection	
4.5.2 Ethernet WAN Connection	134
4.6 Wi-Fi Application Example	137
4.6.1 AP Mode	137
4.6.2 Client Mode	138
4.7 VRRP Application Example	139
4.8 NAT Application Example	
4.9 Access Control Application Example	142
4.10 QoS Application Example	144
4.11 DTU Application Example	
4.12 PPTP Application Example	148



Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1 Overview

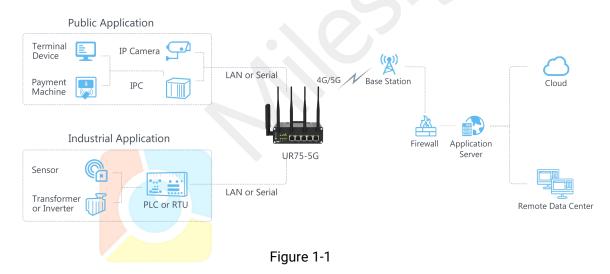
UR75 is an industrial cellular router with embedded intelligent software features that are designed for multifarious M2M/IoT applications. Upgraded to the latest cellular technology - 5G, the UR75 makes it possible to enjoy ultra-fast broadband access with 5G cellular network.

Adopting high-performance and low-power consumption industrial grade CPU and wireless module, the UR75 is capable of providing wire-speed network with low power consumption and ultra-small package to ensure the extremely safe and reliable connection to the wireless network.

Meanwhile, the UR75 also supports Gigabit Ethernet ports, serial port (RS232/RS485) and I/O (input/output), which enables you to scale up M2M application combining data and video in limited time and budget.

The UR75 is particularly ideal for smart grid, digital media installations, industrial automation, telemetry equipment, medical device, digital factory, finance, payment device, environment protection, water conservancy and so on.

For details of hardware and installation, please check UR75 Quick Start Guide.



1.2 Advantages

Benefits

- Built-in Qualcomm quad-core CPU and big memory
- 4G LTE/5G (NSA/SA) network with dual SIM cards for backup between multiple carriers networking
- Gigabit Ethernet is applied to all models of Milesight routers for lightning transmission of data
- Flexible modular design provides users with different connection modules like Ethernet, I/O, serial port, Wi-Fi, GPS for connecting diverse field assets
- Embedded Python SDK for second development
- Rugged enclosure, optimized for DIN rail or shelf mounting

- 3-year warranty included

Security & Reliability

- Automated failover/failback between Ethernet and Cellular (dual SIM)
- Enable unit with security frameworks like IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/ DMVPN
- Embed hardware watchdog, able to automatically recover from various failure, ensure highest level of availability
- Establish a secured mechanism on centralized authentication and authorization of device access by supporting AAA (TACACS+, Radius, LDAP, local authentication) and multiple levels of user authority

Easy Maintenance

- Milesight DeviceHub provides easy setup, mass configuration, and centralized management of remote devices
- The user-friendly web interface design and more than one option of upgrade help administrator to manage the device as easy as pie
- WEB GUI and CLI enable the admin to achieve simple management and quick configuration among a large quantity of devices
- Efficiently manage the remote routers on the existing platform through the industrial standard SNMP

Capabilities

- Link remote devices in an environment where communication technologies are constantly changing
- It can be continuously running in a broken or weak network environment, and the latest data can be synchronized to the Cloud after the network is restored
- Support rich protocols like SNMP, Modbus bridging, RIP, OSPF
- Support wide operating temperature ranging from -40°C to 70°C/-40°F to 158°F

1.3 Specifications

Hardware System	
CPU	Qualcomm Quad-core ARM Cortex A7, 716.8 MHz
Memory	8 GB Flash, 512 MB DDR3 RAM
Storage	1 × M.2 NVMe SSD interface
Ethernet	
Ports	5 × RJ-45 (PoE PSE Optional on LAN ports)

www.milesight-iot.com

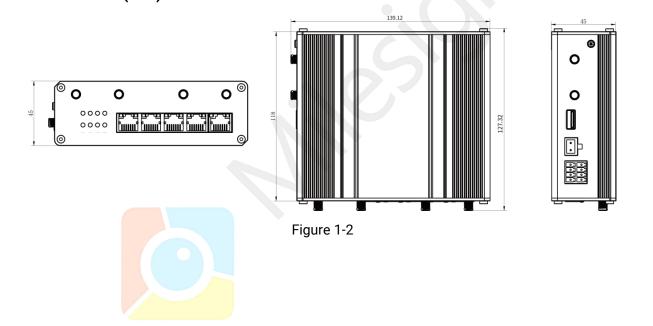
Physical Layer	10/100/1000 Base-T (IEEE 802.3)
Data Rate	10/100/1000 Mbps (auto-sensing)
Interface	Auto MDI/MDIX
Mode	Full or half duplex (auto-sensing)
Cellular Interfaces	
Connectors	UR75-5G: $4 \times 50 \ \Omega$ SMA (Center pin: SMA Female)
Connectors	UR75-4G: 2 × 50 Ω SMA (Center pin: SMA Female)
SIM Slots	2 (Mini SIM-2FF)
Wi-Fi Interface	
Connectors	$2 \times 50 \Omega$ SMA (Center pin: RP-SMA Female)
Standards	IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac
Tup	2.4G: 26dBm(max)
Tx Power	5G: 26.4dBm(max)
Rx Sensitivity	
2.4G	802.11b: ≤ -92dBm@11Mbps
	802.11g: ≤ -78dBm@54Mbps
	802.11ac VHT20: ≤ -91dBm@MCS0
	802.11ac VHT20: ≤ -66dBm@MCS8
	802.11ac VHT40: ≤ -88.5dBm@MCS0
	802.11ac VHT40: ≤ -64dBm@MCS8
5G	
	802.11a: ≤ -91dBm@6Mbps
	802.11a: ≤ -76dBm@54Mbps
	802.11ac VHT20: ≤ -90dBm@MCS0
	802.11ac VHT20: ≤ -68dBm@MCS8
	802.11ac VHT40: ≤ -87dBm@MCS0
	802.11ac VHT40: ≤ -65dBm@MCS9
	802.11ac VHT80: ≤ -84dBm@MCS0
	802.11ac VHT80: ≤ -60dBm@MCS9
Modes	AP and Client mode
Security	WPA/WPA2 authentication, WEP/TKIP/AES encryption
GPS*	
Connectors	$1 \times 50 \Omega$ SMA (Center PIN: SMA Female)
Sensitivity	-167dBm@Tracking, -149dBm@Acquisition, -161dBm@Re-acquisition

Position Accuracy	<2.5m CEP
Protocol Serial Interface	NMEA 0183, PMTK
Ports	1 × RS232 + 1 × RS485 (2 × RS485 Optional)
Connector	Terminal block
Baud Rate	300bps to 230400bps
10	
Connector	Terminal block
Digital	1 × DI + 1 × DO
Software	
Network Protocols	PPP, PPPoE, SNMP v1/v2c/v3, TCP, UDP, DHCP, RIPv1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QoS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc.
VPN Tunnel	DMVPN/IPsec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE
Access Authentication	CHAP/PAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2
Firewall	ACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC Binding/SPI/DoS&DDoS Protection
	/IP Passthrough
Management	Web, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial up, DeviceHub
AAA	Radius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local Authentication
Multilevel Authority	Multiple levels of user authority
Reliability	VRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM Backup
Serial Port	Transparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)
Power Supply and Cons	sumption
Connector	2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal block
Input Voltage	9-48 VDC
Power Consumption	< 7.9 W(non-PoE mode)
Power Output Physical Characteristic	4 × 802.3 af/at PoE output s
Ingress Protection	IP30
Housing	Metal
Dimensions	135 x 118 x 45 mm (5.31 x 4.65 x 1.77 in)
Mounting	Desktop, wall or DIN rail mounting
Others	
USB	1 × USB 2.0 (Reserved)

Reset Button	1 × RESET
LED Indicators	1 × POWER, 1 × SYSTEM, 1 × SIM, 1 × Wi-Fi, 1 × VPN, 3 × Signal strength
Built-in	Watchdog, Timer
Environmental	
Operating	-40°C to +70°C (-40°F to +158°F)
Temperature	Reduced cellular performance above 60°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
•	
Ethernet Isolation	1.5 kV RMS
Ethernet Isolation Relative Humidity	

2.For 5G model, GPS antenna is combined with one cellular antenna; for 4G model, GPS antenna is standalone.

1.4 Dimensions (mm)



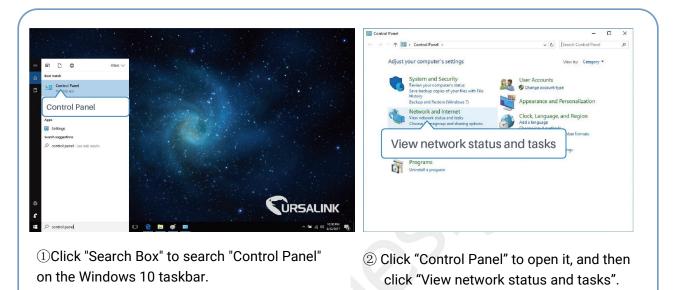
Chapter 2 Access to Web GUI

This chapter explains how to access to Web GUI of the UR75 router.

2.1 PC Configuration

Please connect PC to any LAN port of UR75 router directly. PC can obtain an IP address, or you can configure a static IP address manually.

The following steps are based on Windows 10 operating system for your reference.



Network and Sharing Center		- 🗆 X	🖳 Ethernet Status	×
\leftrightarrow \rightarrow \checkmark \Uparrow 🛣 « Network	and Internet > Network and Sharing Center	v 🖏 Search Control Panel 🔎	General	
Control Panel Home	View your basic network information and set up connections			1
Change adapter settings Change advanced sharing settings	View your active networks Veastar3G Provate network Identifying Change your networking settings Change your networking settings Set up a new connection or network Set up a breadband, dial-up, or VPN cor Diagnose and repair network problems, Diagnose and repair network problems,		Connection IPv4 Connectivity: IPv6 Connectivity: Media State: Duration: Speed: Details Activity Properties	No network access Enabled 00:01:21 1.0 Gbps
See also HomeGroup Infrared Internet Options Windows Firewall			210	0 Diagnose Close

Ethernet Properties ×	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties ×	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
etworking Sharing	General Alternate Configuration	General
Connect using:		You can get IP settings assigned 102 168 1 20 ts
Intel(R) 82567LM Gigabit Network Connection	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.	You can get IP settings assigned this capability. Otherwise, you ne for the appropriate IP settings. 255.255.255.0
<u>C</u> onfigure	Obtain an IP address automatically	Obtain an IP address autor 192.168.1.1
his connection uses the following items:	Ouse the following IP address:	Use the following IP address:
Elient for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks		IP address: 192,168,1,20
QoS Packet Scheduler		
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Subnet mask:	Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Microsoft Nety Adapter Multiplexor Protocol	Default gateway:	Default gateway: 192 . 168 . 1 . 1
nternet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Obtain DNS server address automatically	Obtain DNS server address automatically
	Ouse the following DNS server addresses:	Use the following DNS server addresses:
Install Uninstall Properties		Preferred DNS server: 192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Description		
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default	Alternate DNS server:	Alternate DNS server:
wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	Validate settings upon exit Advanced	□Validate settings upon exit 192.168.1.1
OK Cancel	OK Cancel	OK Cance

- Double Click "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" to configure IP address and DNS server.
- ⑥ Method 1: click "Obtain an IP address automatically";

Method 2: click "Use the following IP address" to assign a static IP manually within the same subnet of the router.

() English

(Note: remember to click "OK" to finish configuration.)

2.2 Access to Web GUI of Router

Milesight router provides Web-based configuration interface for management. If this is the first time you configure the router, please use the default settings below.

Username: admin

Password: password

IP Address: 192.168.1.1

- 1. Start a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended), type in the IP address, and press Enter on your keyboard.
- 2. Enter the username, password, and click "Login".

	Milesight
1	Username
8	Password
	Login

If you enter the username or password incorrectly more than 5 times, the login page will be locked for 10 minutes.

3. When you login with the default username and password, you will be asked to modify the password. It's suggested that you change the password for the sake of security. Click "Cancel" button if you want to modify it later.

Change Password					
Old Password					
New Password					
Confirm New Password					
L					
Save	Cancel				

4. After you login the Web GUI, you can view system information and perform configuration on the router.

				For your device :	security, please cha	nge the default passw	vord				
Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS	Help	
otatao							Transferration =			Model	
Network	•	System Information	n		Syst	em Status				Show the router.	e model name of
		Model	UR75-L0	1CE-W-G	Loca	I Time	2020-12-09 07	34:36 Wednesday		Serial N	lumber
System	•	Serial Number	6223A30	079877	Uptir	ne	1days, 01:58	49		Show the router.	e serial number of
		Firmware Version	mware Version 76.1.0.25		CPU Load		6%			Firmware Version	
Industrial >	•	Hardware Version	V1.1		RAM	(Available/Capacity)	210MB/512ME	3(41.02%)		Show the version of	e current firmware of router.
Maintenance	•					n (Available/Capacity)	2902MB/4096				current hardware
192		Cellular			WAN			70 ☆		更多释义»	router.
APP				o			o. "		£ ⊄⊅		current local time
		Status	No SIM	Card	Statu	IS	Online	seventy			-
		Current SIM	SIM1		IP		192.168.23.19	3		Uptime	
		IP	0.0.0.0		MAC		24:e1:24:f0:d9	:3e			e information on how router has been
		Connection Duration	0 days, 0	00:00:00	Conr	ection Duration	1 days, 01-57.	oc nual Refresh 🗸	Refresh	CPU Lo	

Chapter 3 Web Configuration

3.1 Status

3.1.1 Overview

You can view the system information of the router on this page.

	Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS	
I	System Information				System Statu	s			
	Model		UR75-L01CE-W-G		Local Time		2020-12-09 07:3	34:36 Wednesday	
	Serial Number		6223A3079877		Uptime		1days, 01:58:4	9	
	Firmware Version		76.1.0.25		CPU Load		6%		
	Hardware Version		V1.1		RAM (Available	e/Capacity)	210MB/512MB(4	41.02%)	
					Flash (Availabl	e/Capacity)	2902MB/4096M	B(70.85%)	
1	Cellular				WAN				
	Status		No SIM Card		Status		Online		
	Current SIM		SIM1		IP		192.168.23.193		
	IP		0.0.0.0		MAC		24:e1:24:f0:d9:3	le	
	Connection Duration		0 days, 00:00:00		Connection Du	ration	1 days, 01:57:35	5	
	Data Usage Monthly		21.7 MiB						
ľ	WLAN				LAN				
	Status		Running		IP		192.168.10.1		
	Mode		AP		Connected Dev	vices	1		
	SSID		Router_F0D940						
	Connected Clients		0					Manual Refresh 🗸	Refresh

Figure 3-1-1-1

System Information						
Item	Description					
Model	Show the model name of router.					
Serial Num <mark>ber</mark>	Show the serial number of router.					
Firmware Version	Show the currently firmware version of router.					
Hardware Version	Show the currently hardware version of router.					
	Table 0.1.1.1 Quatana Information					

Table 3-1-1-1 System Information

System Status						
ltem	Description					
Local Time	Show the currently local time of system.					
Uptime	Show the information on how long the router has been running.					
CPU Load	Show the current CPU utilization of the router.					
RAM (Available/Capacity)	Show the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory.					
Flash (Available/Capacity)	Show the Flash capacity and the available Flash memory.					

Table 3-1-1-2 System Status

Cellular						
ltem	Description					
Status	Show the real-time status of the currently SIM card					
Current SIM	Show the SIM card currently used for the data connection.					
IP	Show the IP address obtained from the mobile carrier.					
Connection Duration	Show the connection duration of the currently SIM card.					
Data Usage Monthly	Show the monthly data usage statistics of currently used SIM card.					

Table 3-1-1-3 Cellular Status

WAN	
ltem	Description
Status	Show the currently status of WAN port of.
IP	The IP address configured WAN port.
MAC	The MAC address of the Ethernet port.
Connection Duration	Show the connection duration of the WAN port.
	Table 3-1-1-4 WAN Status

 WLAN
 Description

 Item
 Description

 Status
 Show the currently status of WLAN.

 IP
 Show the WLAN mode (AP or client).

 SSID
 Show the SSID of the WLAN AP or client.

 Connected Clients
 Show the amount of connected devices when mode is AP.

Table 3-1-1-5 WLAN Status

LAN							
Item	Description						
IP	Show the IP address of the LAN port.						
Connected Devices	Number of devices that connected to the router's LAN.						
	Table 3-1-1-6 LAN Status						

3.1.2 Cellular

You can view the cellular network status of router on this page.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS	
Modem				Network			
Status		No SIM Card		Status		Disconnected	
Model		EC25		IP Address		0.0.0.0	
Current SIM		SIM2		Netmask		0.0.0.0	
Signal Level		0asu (-113dBm)		Gateway		0.0.0.0	
Register Status		Not registered		DNS		0.0.0.0	
IMEI		861585042050250		Connection Durati	on	0 days, 00:00:00	
IMSI				Date Users March	46.6.		
ICCID				Data Usage Mon	thiy		
ISP				SIM-1		RX: 0.0 MIB TX: 0.0 MIB ALL: 0.0 MIB	
Network Type				SIM-2		RX: 0.0 MiB TX: 0.0 MiB ALL: 0.0 MiB	
PLMN ID							
LAC		0					
Cell ID		0					
	Modem Status Model Current SIM Signal Level Register Status IMEI IMSI ICCID ISP Network Type PLMN ID LAC	Modem Status Model Current SIM Signal Level Register Status IMEI IMSI ICCID ISP Network Type PLMN ID LAC	Modem Status No SIM Card Model EC25 Current SIM SIM2 Signal Level 0asu (-113dBm) Register Status Not registered IMEI 861585042050250 IMSI ICCID ISP Network Type PLMN ID LAC 0	Modem Status No SIM Card Model EC25 Current SIM SIM2 Signal Level 0asu (-113dBm) Register Status Not registered IMEI 861585042050250 IMSI ICCID ISP Yet and the set of the s	Modem Network Status No SIM Card Status Model EC25 IP Address Current SIM SIM2 Netmask Signal Level 0asu (-113dBm) Gateway Register Status Not registered DNS IMEI 861585042050250 Connection Duration INSI Instatusage Mon ICCID SIM-1 ISP SIM-1 Network Type SIM-2 PLMN ID LAC 0	Modem Network Status No SIM Card Status Model EC25 IP Address Current SIM SIM2 Netmask Signal Level 0asu (-113dBm) Gateway Register Status Not registered DNS IMEI 861585042050250 Connection Duration IMSI Image: Color Connection Duration ISP SIM-1 Network Type SIM-2 PLMN ID LAC 0	Modem Network Status No SIM Card Status Disconnected Model EC25 IP Address 0.0.0 Current SIM SIM2 Netmask 0.0.0 Signal Level Osus (-113dBm) Gateway 0.0.0 Register Status Not registered DNS 0.0.0 IMEI 66158042050250 Connection Duration 0 days.00:00:00 IMSI Jata Usage Monthly ICCD IM-1 ISP SIM-1 RX: 0.0 MIB TX: 0.0 MIB ALL: 0.0 MIB Network Type SIM-2 RX: 0.0 MIB TX: 0.0 MIB ALL: 0.0 MIB PLN ID Lac 0 0

Figure 3-1-2-1

Modem Information				
ltem	Description			
Status	Show corresponding detection status of module and SIM card.			
Model	Show the model name of cellular module.			
Current SIM	Show the current SIM card used.			
Signal Level	Show the cellular signal level.			
Register Status	Show the registration status of SIM card.			
IMEI	Show the IMEI of the module.			
IMSI	Show IMSI of the SIM card.			
ICCID	Show ICCID of the SIM card.			
ISP	Show the network provider which the SIM card registers on.			
Network Typ <mark>e</mark>	Show the connected network type, such as LTE, 3G, etc.			
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID.			
LAC	Show the location area code of the SIM card.			
Cell ID	Show the Cell ID of the SIM card location.			

Table 3-1-2-1 Modem Information

Network					
Item	Description				
Status	Show the connection status of cellular network.				
IP Address	Show the IP address of cellular network.				
Netmask	Show the netmask of cellular network.				
Gateway	Show the gateway of cellular network.				
DNS	Show the DNS of cellular network.				
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the cellular network has been connected.				

Table 3-1-2-2 Network Status

Data Usage Monthly				
Item	Description			
SIM-1	Show the monthly data usage statistics of SIM-1.			
SIM-2	Show the monthly data usage statistics of SIM-2.			
h	Table 2-1-2-2 Data Lleage Information			

Table 3-1-2-3 Data Usage Information

3.1.3 Network

On this page you can check the WAN and LAN status of the router.

WAN-IPv	4						
Port	Status	Туре	IP	Netmask	Gateway	DNS	Connection Duration
WAN	up	Static	192.168.23.187	255.255.255.0	192.168.23.1	192.168.1.1	10m 58s
WAN-IPv	6						
Port	Status	Туре	IP	Prefix-length	Gateway	DNS	Connection Duration
WAN	up	Static	fe80::26e1:24ff:fef0:3b7 a	64	121	2	10m 58s

Figure 3-1-3-1

WAN Status	
Item	Description
Port	Show the name of WAN port.
	Show the status of WAN port. "up" refers to a status that WAN is enabled
Status	and Ethernet cable is connected. "down" means Ethernet cable is
	disconnected or WAN function is disabled.
Туре	Show the dial-up connection type of WAN port.
IP Address	Show the IPv4 or IPv6 address of WAN port.
Netmask	Show the IPv4 netmask of WAN port.
Prefix-length	Show the IP <mark>v6 P</mark> refix-length of WAN port.
Gateway	Show the gateway of WAN port.
DNS	Show the DNS of WAN port.
Osmastisa	Show the information on how long the Ethernet cable has been connected
Connection Duration	on WAN port when WAN function is enabled. Once WAN function is disabled
Duration	or Ethernet connection is disconnected, the duration will stop.

Table 3-1-3-1 WAN Status

dge				
Name	STP	IP	Netmask	Members
Bridge0	Disabled	192.168.140.1	255.255.255.0	vlan 1,WLAN1

Figure 3-1-3-2

Bridge				
Item	Description			
Name	Show the name of the bridge interface.			
STP	Show if STP is enabled.			
IP	Show the IP address of the bridge interface.			
Netmask	Show the Netmask of the bridge interface.			
Members	Show the members of the bridge interface.			

Table 3-1-3-2 Bridge Status

3.1.4 WLAN

You can check Wi-Fi status on this page, including the information of access point and client.

LAN Status					
Name	Status	Туре	SSID	IP Address	Netmask
WLAN	Running	AP	Router_F02FEB	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0
ssociated Static	ns				
SSID		MAC	Address	IP Address	Connection Duration

Figure 3-1-4-1

WLAN Status					
Item	Description				
WLAN Status					
Name	Show the name of the Wi-Fi interface .				
Status	Show the status of the Wi-Fi interface.				
Туре	Show the Wi-Fi interface type.				
	Show the SSID of the router when the interface type is AP.				
SSID	Show the SSID of AP which the router connected to when the				
	interface type is Client.				
	Show the IP address of the router when the interface type is				
IP Address	AP. Show the IP address of AP which the router connected to				
	when the interface type is Client.				
	Show the netmask of the router when the interface type is AP.				
Netmask	Show the netmask of AP which the router connected to when				
	the interface type is Client.				
Associated Stations					
	Show the SSID of the router when the interface type is AP.				
SSID	Show the SSID of AP which the router connected to when the				
	interface type is Client.				
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the client which connected to the				
	router when the interface type is AP. Show the MAC address of				

	the AP which the router connected to when the interface type is Client.
IP Address	Show the IP address of the client which connected to the router when the interface type is AP. Show the IP address of the AP which the router connected to when the interface type is Client.
Connection Duration	Show the connection duration between client device and router when the interface type is AP. Show the connection duration between router and the AP when the interface type is Client.

Table 3-1-4-1 WLAN Status

3.1.5 VPN

You can check VPN status on this page, including PPTP, L2TP, IPsec, OpenVPN and DMVPN.

Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List
Clients						
	Name	Status		Local IP		Remote IP
Server						
	Name				Status	
	OpenVPN Server				Disable	1
	Ipsec Server				Disable	1
Connected Lis	t					
Server Type			Client	IP		Duration
			Figure 3-1-5	-1		

VPN Status	
ltem	Description
Clients	
Name	Show the name of the enabled VPN clients.
Status	Show the status of client. "Connected" refers to a status that client is connected to the server. "Disconnected" means client is disconnected to the server.
Local IP	Show the local IP address of the tunnel.
Remote IP	Show the real remote IP address of the tunnel.
Server	
Name	Show the name of the enabled VPN Server.
Status	Show the status of Server.

Connected List	
Server Type	Show the type of the server.
Client IP	Show the IP address of the client which connected to the server.
Duration	Show the information about how long the client has been connected to this server when the server is enabled. Once the server is disabled or connection is disconnected, the duration will stop counting.

Table 3-1-5-1 VPN Status

3.1.6 Routing

You can check routing status on this page, including the routing table and ARP cache.

Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS	
Destination	Netmask	Gatew	ay	Interface	Metric	
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168	23.1	WAN	1	
8.8.8	255.255.255.255	192.168	23.1	WAN	1	
114.114.114.114	255.255.255.255	192.168	23.1	WAN	1	
127.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	2		Loopback	-	
192.168.23.0	255.255.255.0	2		WAN	1.57	
192.168.200.0	255.255.255.0	5		Bridge0	-	
IP		MAC		Interface		
192.168.23.180		8c:16:45:57:58:d	45:57:58:d3		WAN	
192.168.23.1		5c:dd:70:6c:46:3	d		WAN	
192.168.23.183		00:00:00:00:00:00	0		WAN	
	Destination 0.0.0.0 8.8.8.8 114.114.114.114 127.0.0.0 192.168.23.0 192.168.200.0 IP 192.168.23.180 192.168.23.180	Destination Netmask 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 8.8.8.8 255.255.255.255 114.114.114.114 255.255.255.255 127.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 192.168.23.0 255.255.255.255.0 192.168.200.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.23.180 192.168.23.180	Destination Netmask Gatew 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168 8.8.8.8 255.255.255 192.168 114.114.114 255.255.255.255 192.168 127.0.0.0 255.255.255.0 - 192.168.23.0 255.255.255.0 - 192.168.200.0 255.255.255.0 - 192.168.23.180 8c:16:45:57:58.dd 192.168.23.180 5c:dd:70:6c:46:3	Destination Netmask Gateway 0.0.0 0.0.0 192.168.23.1 8.8.8.8 255.255.255 192.168.23.1 114.114.114 255.255.255 192.168.23.1 127.0.0 255.0.0.0 - 192.168.23.0 255.255.255.0 - 192.168.200.0 255.255.255.0 - IP MAC 192.168.23.180 8c:16:45:57:58:d3 192.168.23.180 8c:16:45:57:58:d3 192.168.23.181 5c:dd:70:6c:46:3d	Destination Netmask Gateway Interface 0.0.0 0.0.0 192.168.23.1 WAN 8.8.8.8 255.255.255 192.168.23.1 WAN 114.114.114 255.255.255 192.168.23.1 WAN 127.0.0 255.0.0 - Loopback 192.168.23.0 255.255.255.0 - WAN 192.168.23.0 255.255.255.0 - WAN 192.168.23.0 255.255.255.0 - WAN 192.168.23.10 255.255.255.0 - Bridge0 192.168.23.180 8c:16:45:57:58:d3 - - 192.168.23.180 5c:dd:70:6c:46:3d - -	

Figure 3-1-6-1

ltem	Description
Routing Table	
Destination	Show the IP address of destination host or destination network.
Netmask	Show the netmask of destination host or destination network.
Gateway	Show the IP address of the gateway.
Interface	Show the outbound interface of the route.
Metric	Show the metric of the route.
ARP Cache	
IP	Show the IP address of ARP pool.

MAC	Show the IP address's corresponding MAC address.
Interface	Show the binding interface of ARP.

Table 3-1-6-1 Routing Information

3.1.7 Host List

You can view the host information on this page.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
DHCP Leases						
	IP		MAG	2	Lease	Remaining Time
MAC Binding						
	I	5			MAC	



tem	Description					
DHCP Leases						
IP Address	Show IP address of DHCP client					
MAC Address	Show MAC address of DHCP client					
Lease Time Remaining	Show the remaining lease time of DHCP client.					
MAC Binding						
IP & MAC	Show the IP address and MAC address set in the Static IP list of DHCP service.					

3.1.8 GPS

When GPS function is enabled and the GPS information is obtained successfully, you can view the latest GPS information including GPS Time, Latitude, Longitude and Speed on this page.

GPS StatusStatusWeak SignalTime for Locating-Satellites In Use-Satellites In View-Latitude-Longitude-Altitude-Speed-

Figure 3-1-8-1

GPS Status					
Item	Description				
Status	Show the status of GPS.				
Time for Locating	Show the time for locating.				
Satellites In Use	Show the quantity of satellites in use.				
Satellites In View	Show the quantity of satellites in view.				
Latitude	Show the Latitude of the location.				
Longitude	Show the Longitude of the location.				
Altitude	Show the Altitude of the location.				
Speed	Show the speed of movement.				
	Table 3-1-8-1 GPS Status Description				

3.2 Network

3.2.1 Interface

3.2.1.1 Link Failover

This section describes how to configure link failover strategies, their priority and the ping settings, each rule owns its own ping rules by default. Router will follow the priority to choose the next available interface to access the internet, make sure you have enable the full interface that you need to use here.

Link Failover	Celli	ılar	Port WAN	Bridge	WLAN S	Switch Loopback
Link Priority						
Priority	Enable Rule	Link in use	Interface	Connection Type	IP	Operation
1		•	WAN	Static IP	192.168.22.231	
2		0	Cellular-SIM1	DHCP	-	
3			Cellular-SIM2	-	120	
Settings						
Revert Interval		300		s		
Emergency Rel	poot					
Save						

Figure 3-2-1-1

Link Failover					
ltem	Description				
Link Priority					
Priority	Display the priority of each interface, you can modify it by the operation's up and down button.				
Enable Rule	If enabled, the router will choose this interface into its switching rule. For the Cellular interface, if it's not enabled here, the interface will be disabled as well.				
Link In Use	Mark whether this interface is in use with Green color				
Interface	Display the name of the interface.				
Connection type	Display how to obtain the IP address in this interface, like static IP or DHCP.				
IP	Dis <mark>play</mark> the IP address of the interface.				
Operation	You can change the priority of the rules and configure the ping detection rules here.				
Settings					
Revert Interval	Specify the number of seconds to waiting for switching to the link with higher priority, 0 means disable the function.				
Emergency Reboot	Enable to reboot the device if no link is available.				

Table 3-2-1-1 Link Failover Parameters

Enable			
Primary Server (IPv4)	8.8.8.8		
Secondary Server (IPv4)	114.114.114.114		
Interval	300	s	
Retry Interval	5	s	
Timeout	3	s	
Max Ping Retries	3		



Ping Detection					
ltem	Description				
Enable	If enabled, the router will periodically detect the connection status of the link.				
Primary Server (IPv4)	The router will send ICMP packet to the IP address or hostname to determine whether the Internet connection is still available or not.				
Secondary Server (IPv4)	The router will try to ping the secondary server name if primary server is not available.				
Interval	Time interval (in seconds) between two Pings.				
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again in every retry interval.				
Timeout	The maximum amount of time the router will wait for a response to a ping request. If it does not receive a response for the amount of time defined in this field, the ping request will be considered to have failed.				
Max Ping Retries	The retry times of the router sending ping request until determining that the connection has failed.				

Table 3-2-1-2 Ping Detection Parameters

3.2.1.2 Cellular

This section explains how to set the related parameters for cellular network. The UR75 cellular router has two cellular interfaces, namely SIM1 and SIM2. Only one cellular interface is active at one time. If both cellular interfaces are enabled, it will follow the priority rule configured in 'Link Failover' page.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	WLAN	Switch	Loopback
Cellular Settings							
		SIM1			SIM2		
APN							
Username							
Password							
PIN Code							
Access Number							
Authentication Type		Auto		•	Auto	Ŧ	
Network Type		Auto		•	Auto	•	
PPP Preferred							
SMS Center							
Enable NAT							
Roaming		~					
Data Limit		0		MB	0	MB	
Billing Day		Day 1	▼ of The Month		Day 1 • of Th	e Month	
Connection Setting							
Connection Mode		Always Or	line	•			
Re-dial Interval(s)		5					

Figure 3-2-1-3

Cellular Settings						
ltem		Description				
APN		Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection provided				
		by local ISP.				
Username		Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection provided by local				
Osemane		ISP.				
Password		Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection provided by local				
r assword		ISP.				
PIN Code		Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM.				
Access Number		Enter the dial-up center NO. For cellular dial-up connection provided				
		by local ISP.				
Authentication Type		Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP", and "MS-CHAPv2".				
		Select from "Auto", "5G Only"(Only 5G model support),"4G Only", "3G				
		Only", and "2G Only".				
Network Type		Auto: connect to the network with the strongest signal automatically.				
		4G Only: connect to 4G network only.				
		And so on.				
PPP Preferred		The PPP dial-up method is preferred.				
SMS Center		Enter the local SMS center number for storing, forwarding, converting				
		and delivering SMS message.				
Enable NAT		Enable or disable NAT function.				

Roaming	Enable or disable roaming.
Data Limit	When you reach the specified data usage limit, the data connection of currently used SIM card will be disabled. 0 means disable the function.
Billing Day	Choose the billing day of the SIM card, the router will reset the data used to 0.

Connection Mode	Connect on Demand	۳
Re-dial Interval(s)	5	
Max Idle Time(s)	60	
Triggered by Call		
Call Group		•
riggered by SMS		
SMS Group		۳
GMS Text		
riggered by IO		

Connection Setting	
ltem	Description
Connection Mode	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".
Re-dial Interval(s)	Set the interval to dial into ISP when it lost connection, the default value is 5s.
Max Idle Times	Set the maximum duration of router when current link is under idle status. Range: 10-3600
Triggered by Cell	The router will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode
Triggered by Call	automatically when it receives a call from the specific phone number.
Call Group	Select a call group for call trigger. Go to "System > Phone&SMS > Phone" to set up phone group.
Triggered by SMS	The router will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode automatically when it receives a specific SMS from the specific mobile phone.
SMS Group	Select an SMS group for trigger. Go to "System > Phone&SMS > SMS" to set up SMS group.
SMS Text	Fill in the SMS content for triggering.
Triggered by IO	The router will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode automatically when the DI status is changed. Go to "Industrial > I/O > DI" to configure trigger condition.

Table 3-2-1-4 Cellular Parameters

Related Topics

<u>Cellular Network Connection</u> <u>Phone Group</u> <u>DI Setting</u>

3.2.1.3 Port

This section describes how to configure the Ethernet port parameters. UR75 cellular router supports 5 Gigabit Ethernet ports.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	Switch	Loopback
Port Setting						
	Port	Status	Property		Speed	Duplex
	WAN	up 🗸	wan	~	auto 🗸	auto 🗸
	LAN1	up 🗸	lan	~	auto 🗸	auto 🗸
	LAN2	up 🗸	lan	~	auto 🗸	auto 🗸
	LAN3	up 🗸	lan	~	auto 🗸	auto 🗸
	LAN4	up 🗸	lan	~	auto 🗸	auto 🗸



Port Setting				
ltem	Description			
Port	Users can define the Ethernet ports according to their needs.			
Status	Set the status of Ethernet port; select "up" to enable and "down" to disable.			
Property	Show the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port.			
Speed	Set the Ethernet port's speed. The options are "auto", "100 Mbps", and "10 Mbps".			
Duplex	Set the Ethernet port's mode. The options are "auto", "full", and "half".			
	Table 3-2-1-5 Port Parameters			

3.2.1.4 WAN

WAN port can be connected with Ethernet cable to get Internet access. It supports 3 connection types.

- Static IP: configure IP address, netmask and gateway for Ethernet WAN interface.
- DHCP Client: configure Ethernet WAN interface as DHCP Client to obtain IP address automatically.
- **PPPoE**: configure Ethernet WAN interface as PPPoE Client.

UR75 User Guide

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
WAN Settings				
— WAN_1				
Enable				
Port		WAN]
Connection Type		Static IP	•]
IPv4 Address		192.168.22.231	Ú.]
Netmask		255.255.255.0]
IPv4 Gateway		192.168.22.1]
IPv6 Address		fe80::26e1:24ff	fef0:3ee0]
Prefix-length		64]
IPv6 Gateway]
МТО		1500]
Primary DNS		8.8.8.8]
Secondary DNS]
Enable NAT				

Figure 3-2-1-6

WAN Setting				
ltem	Description			
Enable	Enable WAN function.	Enable		
Port	The port that is currently set as WAN port.	WAN		
Connection Type	Select from "Static IP", "DHCP Client", "DHCPv6 Client" and "PPPoE".	Static IP		
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit.	1500		
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS.	8.8.8.8		
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS.	Null		
Enable NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.	Enable		

Table 3-2-1-6 WAN Parameters

1. Static IP Configuration

If the external network assigns a fixed IP for the WAN interface, user can select "Static IP" mode.

UR75 User Guide

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
WAN Settings				
- WAN_1				
Enable				
Port		WAN]
Connection Type		Static IP	•]
IPv4 Address		192.168.22.231	6]
Netmask		255.255.255.0]
IPv4 Gateway		192.168.22.1]
IPv6 Address		fe80::26e1:24ff	:fef0:3ee0]
Prefix-length		64]
IPv6 Gateway]
MTU		1500]
Primary DNS		8.8.8]
Secondary DNS]
Enable NAT				
		Figure 3-2-1-7		

Static IP				
ltem	Description	Default		
IPv4 Address	Set the IPv4 address of the WAN port.	192.168.0.1		
Netmask	Set the Netmask for WAN port.	255.255.255.0		
IPv4 Gateway	Set the gateway for WAN port's IPv4 address.	192.168.0.2		
IPv6 Address	Set the IPv6 address which can access Internet.	Generated from Mac address		
Prefix-length	Set the IPv6 prefix length to identify how many bits of a Global Unicast IPv6 address are there in network part. For example, in 2001:0DB8:0000:000b::/64, the number 64 is used to identify that the first 64 bits are in network part.	64		
IPv6 Gateway	Set the gateway for WAN port's IPv6 address. E.g.2001:DB8:ACAD:4::2.			
Multiple IP	Set the multiple IP addresses for WAN port.	Null		

Address

Table 3-2-1-7 Static Parameters

2. DHCP Client/DHCPv6 Client

If the external network has DHCP server enabled and has assigned IP addresses to the Ethernet WAN interface, user can select "DHCP client" mode to obtain IP address automatically.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
VAN Settings				
— WAN_1				
Enable				
Port		WAN]
Connection Type		DHCP Client	•	
MTU		1500		
Use Peer DNS				
Primary DNS		8.8.8]
Secondary DNS		2		1
,,				_
Enable NAT		•		
		✓ Ire 3-2-1-8		
Enable NAT	Figu			
Enable NAT	Figu	ıre 3-2-1-8		
Enable NAT - WAN_1 Enable	Figu	ıre 3-2-1-8 ₹		
Enable NAT - WAN_1 Enable Port	Figu	re 3-2-1-8 ♥ ₩AN		
Enable NAT WAN_1 Enable Port Connection Type	Figu	Ire 3-2-1-8 ✓ WAN DHCPv6 Client		
Enable NAT WAN_1 Enable Port Connection Type Request IPv6-addr	Figu	Ire 3-2-1-8 ✓ WAN DHCPv6 Client none		



DHCP Client				
Item	Description			
Use Peer DNS	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.			
DHCPv6 Client				
Request IPv6-address	Choose the ways to obtain the IPv6 address from the DHCP			

	Server. Select from try, force, none. Try: The DHCP Server will assign specific address in priority.
	Force: The DHCP Server assigns specific address only. None: The DHCP Server will randomly assign address.The specific address is relevant to the prefix length of IPv6 address you set.
Request prefix length of IPv6	Set the prefix length of IPv6 address which router is expected to obtain from DHCP Server.

Table 3-2-1-8 DHCP Client Parameters

3. PPPoE

PPPoE refers to a point to point protocol over Ethernet. User has to install a PPPoE client on the basis of original connection way. With PPPoE, remote access devices can get control of each user.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
WAN Settings				
— WAN_1				
Enable				
Port		WAN		
Connection Type		PPPoE	•	
Username				
Password				
Link Detection In	terval(s)	60		
Max Retries		0		
MTU		1500		
Use Peer DNS				
Primary DNS		8.8.8.8		
Secondary DNS				
Enable NAT				

Figure 3-2-1-10

PPPoE		
ltem	Description	
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
Link Detection	Set the heartbeat interval for link detection. Range: 1-600.	

Interval (s)	
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to dial up. Range: 0-9.
Use Peer DNS	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.

Table 3-2-1-9 PPOE Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Ethernet WAN Connection

3.2.1.5 Bridge

Bridge setting is used for managing local area network devices which are connected to LAN ports of the UR75, allowing each of them to access the Internet.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	WLAN	Switch	Loopback
Bridge Setting							
Name		Bridge0					
STP	0	1					
IP Address		192.168.1.1					
Netmask	[255.255.255.0					
MTU	[1500					
Multiple IP Address	10					0	
	IP.	Address		Neth	nask	Operation	
						H	
Save & Apply							

Figure 3-2-1-11

Bridge				
Item	Description	Default		
Name	Show the name of bridge. "Bridge0" is set by default and cannot be changed.	Bridge0		
STP	Enable/disable STP.	Disable		
IP Address	Set the IP address for bridge.	192.168.1.1		
Netmask	Set the Netmask for bridge.	255.255.255. 0		
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.	1500		
Multiple IP Address	Set the multiple IP addresses for bridge.	Null		

Table 3-2-1-10 Bridge Settings

3.2.1.6 WLAN

This section explains how to set the related parameters for Wi-Fi network. UR75 supports both 2.4G and 5G Wi-Fi and it can work as AP or client mode at the same time.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	WLAN
WLAN1-2.4G					
Enable					
Work Mode	AP	N.	~		
BSSID	24:6	e1:24:f0:d9:40			
Radio Type	802	2.11n(2.4GHz)	~		
Channel	Aut	0	~		
Bandwidth	201	MHz	~		
SSID	Rou	ter_F0D940			
Encryption Mode	WF	A-PSK/WPA2-PS	к 🗸		
Cipher	Aut	0	~		
Кеу					
SSID Broadcast					
AP Isolation					
Guest Mode					

Figure 3-2-1-12

WLAN	
ltem	Description
Enable	Enable/disable WLAN.
Work Mode	Select router's work mode. The options are "Client" or "AP".
Encryption Mode	Select encryption mode. The options are "No Encryption", "WEP Open System" , "WEP Shared Key", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK" and "WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK".
BSSID	Fill in the MAC address of the access point. Either SSID or BSSID can be filled to joint the network.
SSID	Fill in the SSID of the access point.
Client Mode	
Scan	Click "Scan" button to search the nearby access point.
SSID	Show SSID.
Channel	Show wireless channel.
Signal	Show wireless signal.
BSSID	Show the MAC address of the access point.
Cipher	Show the cipher of the access point.

Security	Show the encryption mode.
Frequency	Show the frequency of radio.
Join Network	Click the button to join the wireless network.
AP Mode	
Radio Type	Select Radio type. 2.4G radio types can only be selected in WLAN 1 and 5G radio types can only be selected in WLAN2.
Channel	Select wireless channel. The options are "Auto", "1", "2""11".
Cipher	Select cipher. The options are "Auto", "AES", "TKIP" and "AES/TKIP".
Key	Fill the pre-shared key of WPA encryption.
Bandwidth	Select bandwidth. The options are "20MHz" and "40MHz".
SSID Broadcast	When SSID broadcast is disabled, other wireless devices can't not find the SSID, and users have to enter the SSID manually to access to the wireless network.
AP Isolation	When AP isolation is enabled, all users which access to the AP are isolated without communication with each other.
Guest Mode	The internal network is not allowed to visit if the guest mode is enabled.
Max Client Number	Set the maximum number of client to access when the router is configured as AP.
IP Setting	
Protocol	Set the IP address in wireless network.
IP Address	Set the IP address in wireless network.
Netmask	Set the netmask in wireless network.
Gateway	Set the gateway in wireless network.

Table 3-2-1-11 WLAN Parameters

MAC Filtering			
Туре	Allow and Block the Rest •		
	MAC Address	Description	Operation
			H
Save & Apply			

Figure 3-2-1-13

MAC Filtering			
Item	Description		
Туре	In this mode, you can choose the rule according to your security policy, which is 'Allow and Block the Rest' and 'Block and Allow the Rest', the default value is Disabled.		
Allow and block the rest	Only the listed MAC addresses are allowed to connect to the router's wireless access point.		
Block and allow the rest	The listed MAC addresses are not allowed to connect to the		

router's wireless access point.
Table 3-2-1-12 MAC Filtering Parameters

Related Topic

Wi-Fi Application Example

3.2.1.7 Switch

VLAN is a kind of new data exchange technology that realizes virtual work groups by logically dividing the LAN device into network segments.

	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	Switch	Loopback	
N Settings							
Name	VLAN ID	IF	^D Address	Netmask		MTU	Operation
vlan1	1	▼ 192.16	58.0.1	255.255.255.0	1500		×
							H
AN Settings							
VLAN ID	FE 1	1/1	FE 1	1/2	CPU	Op	eration
1	Close	Ŧ	Untagged	• T	agged	T	×
							A
			Figure 3-2-1	-14			
Switch			Figure 3-2-1	-14			
Item	Descriptio		Figure 3-2-1	-14			
Item LAN Settings		on		-14			
Item LAN Settings Name	Set interfa	on <mark>ace</mark> name o	f VLAN.				
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID	Set interfa	on <mark>ace</mark> name o AN ID of the	f VLAN. e interface				
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID IP Address	Set interfa Select VL/ Set IP add	on <mark>ace</mark> name o AN ID of the Iress of LA	f VLAN. e interface. N port.				
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID IP Address Netmask	Set interfa Select VL/ Set IP add Set Netma	on ace name o AN ID of the Iress of LAN ask of LAN	f VLAN. e interface. N port. port.				
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID IP Address Netmask MTU	Set interfa Select VL/ Set IP add Set Netma Set the ma	on ace name o AN ID of the Iress of LAN ask of LAN	f VLAN. e interface. N port. port.		port. Range	e: 68-1500.	
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID IP Address Netmask MTU VLAN Settings	Set interfa Select VL/ Set IP add Set Netma Set the ma	on ace name o AN ID of the Iress of LAN ask of LAN aximum tra	of VLAN. e interface. N port. port. ansmission	unit of LAN	port. Range	e: 68-1500.	
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID IP Address Netmask MTU	Set interfa Select VL/ Set IP add Set Netma Set the ma Set the lat	on ace name o AN ID of the Iress of LAN ask of LAN aximum tra	f VLAN. e interface. N port. port. ansmission e VLAN. Ra	unit of LAN	-		
Item LAN Settings Name VLAN ID IP Address Netmask MTU VLAN Settings	Set interfa Select VL/ Set IP add Set Netma Set the ma Set the lat Make the	on ace name o AN ID of the Iress of LAN ask of LAN aximum tra bel ID of the VLAN bind	of VLAN. e interface. N port. port. ansmission e VLAN. Ra with the co	unit of LAN	ports and	select stat	

Table 3-2-1-13 VLAN Trunk Parameters

3.2.1.8 Loopback

Loopback interface is used for replacing router's ID as long as it is activated. When the interface is DOWN, the ID of the router has to be selected again which leads to long convergence time of OSPF. Therefore, Loopback interface is generally recommended as the ID of the router.

Loopback interface is a logic and virtual interface on router. Under default conditions, there's no loopback interface on router, but it can be created as required.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	WLAN	Switch	Loopback
Loopback Address							
IP Address		127.0.0.1					
Netmask		255.0.0.0]			
Multiple IP Addres	ses						
	IP Addres	s			Netmask		Operation
							Œ
Save							

Figure 3-2-1-15

Loopback		
ltem	Description	Default
IP Address	Unalterable	127.0.0.1
Netmask	Unalterable	255.0.0.0
Multiple IP Addresses	Apart from the IP above, user can configure other IP addresses.	Null

Table 3-2-1-14 Loopback Parameters

3.2.2 DHCP

DHCP adopts Client/Server communication mode. The Client sends configuration request to the Server which feeds back corresponding configuration information and distributes IP address to the Client so as to achieve the dynamic configuration of IP address and other information.

3.2.2.1 DHCP Server

UR75 can be set as a DHCP server to distribute IP address when a host logs on and ensures each host is supplied with different IP addresses. DHCP Server has simplified some previous network management tasks requiring manual operations to the largest extent.

UR75 User Guide

Status	DHCP Server DHCP	⁹ Relay		
Network	- DHCP Server_1			
Interface	Enable	×		
DHCP	Interface	Bridge0 •		
Firewall	Start Address	192.168.1.100		
QoS	End Address	192.168.1.199		
	Netmask	255.255.255.0		
VPN	Lease Time(Min)	60		
IP Passthrough	Primary DNS Server	192.168.1.1		
Routing	Secondary DNS Server			
VRRP	Windows Name Server			
DDNS	Static IP			
Svstem •	MAC	Address	IP Address	Operation
System •				E
Industrial	+ DHCP Server_2			
Maintenance	Save			
		Figure 3-2-2-1		

ItemDescriptionDefaultEnableEnable or disable DHCP server.EnableInterfaceSelect interface.Bridge0Start AddressDefine the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2NetmaskDefine the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.255.255.255 .0Lease Time (Min)Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullMAC AddressSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null			
EnableEnable or disable DHCP server.EnableInterfaceSelect interface.Bridge0Start AddressDefine the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2NetmaskDefine the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.255.255.255Clients from DHCP server0Lease Time (Min)Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	DHCP Server		
InterfaceSelect interface.Bridge0Start AddressDefine the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2NetmaskDefine the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.255.255.255OSet the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Item	Description	Default
Start AddressDefine the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2NetmaskDefine the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.255.255.255Lease Time (Min)Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Enable	Enable or disable DHCP server.	Enable
Start Addressbe leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2End AddressDefine the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.192.168.1.2NetmaskDefine the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.255.255.255Lease Time (Min)Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.192.168.1.1Windows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Interface	Select interface.	Bridge0
End Addressleased to DHCP clients.54NetmaskDefine the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.255.255.255 .0Lease Time (Min)Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Start Address		192.168.1.2
Netmaskclients from DHCP server0Lease Time (Min)Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	End Address		
Lease Time (Min)address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.1440Primary DNS ServerSet the primary DNS server.192.168.1.1Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Netmask		255.255.255 .0
Secondary DNS ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullWindows Name ServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client 	Lease Time (Min)		1440
ServerSet the secondary DNS server.NullServerDefine the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.NullStatic IPSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Primary DNS Serve	er Set the primary DNS server.	192.168.1.1
Windows Name DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank. Null Static IP Set a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict). Null	Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS server.	Null
MAC AddressSet a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).Null	Windows Name Server	DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it	Null
MAC Address (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).	Static IP		
IP Address Set a static and specific IP address for the DHCP client (it Null	MAC Address	(it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid	Null
	IP Address	Set a static and specific IP address for the DHCP client (it	Null

should be outside of the DHCP range).	
---------------------------------------	--

Table 3-2-2-1 DHCP Server Parameters

3.2.2.2 DHCP Relay

UR75 can be set as DHCP Relay to provide a relay tunnel to solve the problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server are not in the same subnet.

DHCP Server	DHCP Relay	
DHCP Relay		
Enable		
DHCP Server		
Save		

Figure 3-2-2-2

DHCP Relay				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable DHCP relay.			
DHCP Server	Set DHCP server, up to 10 servers can be configured; separate them by blank space or ",".			
	Table 3-2-2-2 DHCP Relay Parameters			

3.2.3 Firewall

This section describes how to set the firewall parameters, including security, ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping, MAC Binding and SPI.

The firewall implements corresponding control of data flow at entry direction (from Internet to local area network) and exit direction (from local area network to Internet) according to the content features of packets, such as protocol style, source/destination IP address, etc. It ensures that the router operate in a safe environment and host in local area network.

3.2.3.1 Security

Security	ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding	Custom Rules
Prevent Attack					
DoS/DDoS Protec	tion				
Access Service	Control				
Servic	e	Port	Local		Remote
HTTP		80	×		×
HTTPS	3	443			3
TELNE	т	23			
SSH		22			۲
FTP		21			
Website Blockin	g				
URL Blocking		http://			
Keyword Blocking					

Figure 3-2-3-1

ltem	Description	Default
Prevent Attack		
DoS/DDoS Protection	Enable/disable Prevent DoS/DDoS Attack.	Disable
Access Service Contro		
Port	Set port number of the services. Range: 1-65535.	
Local	Access the router locally.	Enable
Remote	Access the router remotely.	Disable
HTTP	Users can log in the device locally via HTTP to access and control it through Web after the option is checked.	80
HTTPS	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via HTTPS to access and control it through Web after option is checked.	443
TELNET	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via Telnet after the option is checked.	23
SSH	Users can log in the device locally and remotely	22

www.milesight-iot.com

	via SSH after the option is checked.	
FTP	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via FTP after the option is checked.	21
Website Blocking		
URL Blocking	Enter the HTTP address which you want to block.	
Keyword Blocking	You can block specific website by entering keyword maximum number of character allowed is 64.	l. The

Table 3-2-3-1 Security Parameters

3.2.3.2 ACL

Access control list, also called ACL, implements permission or prohibition of access for specified network traffic (such as the source IP address) by configuring a series of matching rules so as to filter the network interface traffic. When router receives packet, the field will be analyzed according to the ACL rule applied to the current interface. After the special packet is identified, the permission or prohibition of corresponding packet will be implemented according to preset strategy.

The data package matching rules defined by ACL can also be used by other functions requiring flow distinction.

Security	ACL	Port Mapping) DMZ	MAC Binding	Custom F	Rules SPI	
ACL Setting	су	Accept	•				
Access Control	List						
ID	Action	Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	More Detail	Description	Operation
							8
Interface List							
	Interface		In A	CL	Out A	CL	Operation
							8
Save							

Figure 3-2-3-2

ltem	Description
ACL Setting	
	Select from "Accept" and "Deny".
Default Filter Policy	The packets which are not included in the access control list
	will be processed by the default filter policy.
Access Control List	
Туре	Select type from "Extended" and "Standard".
ID	User-defined ACL number. Range: 1-199.

Action	Select from "Permit" and "Deny".
Protocol	Select protocol from "ip", "icmp", "tcp", "udp", and "1-255".
Source IP	Source network address (leaving it blank means all).
Source Wildcard Mask	Wildcard mask of the source network address.
Destination IP	Destination network address (0.0.0.0 means all).
Destination Wildcard Mask	Wildcard mask of destination address.
Description	Fill in a description for the groups with the same ID.
ІСМР Туре	Enter the type of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255.
ICMP Code	Enter the code of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255.
Source Port Type	Select source port type, such as specified port, port range, etc.
Source Port	Set source port number. Range: 1-65535.
Start Source Port	Set start source port number. Range: 1-65535.
End Source Port	Set end source port number. Range: 1-65535.
Destination Port Type	Select destination port type, such as specified port, port range, etc.
Destination Port	Set destination port number. Range: 1-65535.
Start Destination Port	Set start destination port number. Range: 1-65535.
End Destination Port	Set end destination port number. Range: 1-65535.
More Details	Show information of the port.
Interface List	
Interface	Select network interface for access control.
In ACL	Select a rule for incoming traffic from ACL ID.
Out ACL	Select a rule for outgoing traffic from ACL ID.

Table 3-2-3-2 ACL Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Access Control Application Example

3.2.3.3 Port Mapping

Port mapping is an application of network address translation (NAT) that redirects a communication request from the combination of an address and port number to another while the packets are traversing a network gateway such as a router or firewall.

Click \blacksquare to add a new port mapping rules.

Security	ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding	9	Custom Rules	SPI
Port Mapping							
Sour	ce IP	Source Port	Destination IP	Destination Port	Protocol	Description	Operation
							Ð
Save							

Figure 3-2-3-3

Port Mapping				
Item	Description			
Source IP	Specify the host or network which can access local IP address.			
	0.0.0/0 means all.			
Source Port	Enter the TCP or UDP port from which incoming packets are			
Source Fort	forwarded. Range: 1-65535.			
Destination IP	Enter the IP address that packets are forwarded to after being			
Destination in	received on the incoming interface.			
Destination Port	Enter the TCP or UDP port that packets are forwarded to after			
Destination For	being received on the incoming port(s). Range: 1-65535.			
Protocol	Select from "TCP" and "UDP" as your application required.			
Description	The description of this rule.			

Table 3-2-3-3 Port Mapping Parameters

Related Configuration Example

NAT Application Example

3.2.3.4 DMZ

DMZ is a host within the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those forwarded ports in port mapping.

Security	(ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding	Custom Rules	SPI
DMZ							
Enable DMZ Hos Source A							
Sa	ve						

DMZ	
ltem	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DMZ.
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on the internal network.
Source Address	Set the source IP address which can access to DMZ host. "0.0.0/0" means any address.

Table 3-2-3-4 DMZ Parameters

3.2.3.5 MAC Binding

MAC Binding is used for specifying hosts by matching MAC addresses and IP addresses that are in the list of allowed outer network access.

S	ecurity	ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding	Custom Rules	SPI			
M	MAC Binding List									
		MAC		IP		Description	Operation			
							•			
	Save									



MAC Binding List					
Item	Description				
MAC Address	Set the binding MAC address.				
IP Address	Set the binding IP address.				
Description	Fill in a description for convenience of recording the meaning of the binding rule for each piece of MAC-IP.				
	Table 3-2-3-5 MAC Binding Parameters				

3.2.3.6 Custom Rules

In this page, you can configure your own custom firewall iptables rules.

	ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding	Custom Rules	SPI
Custom Rules						
		Rule			Description	Operation
E	g: -t filter -l INPU	JT -s 192.168.3.240 -j DR(OP			×
						+



Custom Rules	
ltem	Description
	Specify an iptables rule like the example shows.
Rule	Tips: You must reboot the device to take effect after modifying or
	deleting the iptables rules.
Description	Enter the description of the rule.

Table 3-2-3-6 Custom Rules Parameters

3.2.3.7 SPI

S	Security	t.	ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding	Custom Rules	SPI
SP	Pl Firev	vall						
		Enable						
		Filter Pro:	xy					
		Filter Coo	kies					
		Filter Acti	vex					
		Filter Javi	a Applets					
ď		Filter Mul	ticast					
		Filter IDE	NT(port 113)					
4		Block Wa	n SNMP access					
4		Filter WA	N NAT Redirectio	n				
1		Block And	onymous Wan Re	quest				
	Sav	/e						

Figure 3-2-3-7

SPI Firewall				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable/disable SPI firewall.			
Filter Proxy	Blocks HTTP requests containing the "Host": string.			
Filter Cookies	Identifies HTTP requests that contain "Cookie": String and mangle the cookie. Attempts to stop cookies from being used.			
Filter ActiveX	Blocks HTTP requests of the URL that ends in ".ocx" or ".cab".			
Filter Java Applets	Blocks HTTP requests of the URL that ends in ".js" or ".class".			
Filter Multicast	Prevent multicast packets from reaching the LAN.			
Filter IDENT(port 113)	Prevent WAN access to Port 113.			
Block WAN SNMP access	Block SNMP requests from the WAN.			
Filter WAN NAT Redirection	Prevent hosts on LAN from using WAN address of router to connect servers on the LAN (which have been configured using port redirection).			
Block Anonymous WAN Requests	Stop the router from responding to "pings" from the WAN.			

Table 3-2-3-7 SPI Parameters

3.2.4 QoS

Quality of service (QoS) refers to traffic prioritization and resource reservation control mechanisms rather than the achieved service quality. QoS is engineered to provide different priority for different applications, users, data flows, or to guarantee a certain level of performance to a data flow.

Status	Î	QoS(Download)	QoS(Upload)						
Network	-	Download Bandwidth							
Interface		Enable Default Category	8	Ŧ					
DHCP		Download Bandwidth	0	kbit	s/s				
Firewall		Capacity							
QoS		Service Category							
VPN		Name		Percent(%)	Max BW(kbps)	Min BW(kbps)	Operation
IP Passthrough									Ð
Routing		Service Category Rul	es						
VRRP		Name	Source IP	Source Port	Destination IP	Destination Port	Protocol	Service Category	Operation
DDNS									0
System	۲	Save							

Figure 3-2-4-1

QoS	
ltem	Description
Download/Upload	
Enable	Enable or disable QoS.
Default Cat <mark>egory</mark>	Select the default category from Service Category list.
Download/Upload Bandwidth Capacity	The download/upload bandwidth capacity of the network that the router is connected with, in kbps. Range: 1-8000000.
Service Category	
Name	You can use characters such digits, letters and "-".
Percent (%)	Set percent for the service category. Range: 0-100.
Max BW(kbps)	The maximum bandwidth that this category is allowed to consume, in kbps. The value should be less than the "Download/Upload Bandwidth Capacity" when the traffic is blocked.
Min BW(kbps)	The minimum bandwidth that can be guaranteed for the category, in kbps.The value should be less than the "MAX BW" value.
Service Category Rules	
Item	Description

Name	Give the rule a descriptive name.
Source IP	Source address of flow control (leaving it blank means any).
Source Port	Source port of flow control. Range: 0-65535 (leaving it blank means any).
Destination IP	Destination address of flow control (leaving it blank means any).
Destination Port	Destination port of flow control. Range: 0-65535 (leaving it blank means any).
Protocol	Select protocol from "ANY", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP", and "GRE".
Service Category	Set service category for the rule.

Table 3-2-4-1 QoS (Download/Upload) Parameters

Related Configuration Example

QoS Application Example

3.2.5 VPN

Virtual Private Networks, also called VPNs, are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other network via secure channels. The UR75 supports DMVPN, IPsec, GRE, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN, as well as GRE over IPsec and L2TP over IPsec.

3.2.5.1 DMVPN

A dynamic multi-point virtual private network (DMVPN), combining mGRE and IPsec, is a secure network that exchanges data between sites without passing traffic through an organization's headquarter VPN server or router.

		DIAVON	IDees Overes	IDees	0.05	LOTD	DOTO	Ones//Ohl Offent	Ones VDN Oneses	Castifications
Status		DMVPN	IPsec Server	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server	Certifications
Network	•	DMVPN Setting	IS							
Interface		Enable								
DHCP		Hub Address								
		Local IP Address								
Firewall		GRE HUB IP Add	dress							
QoS		GRE Local IP Ad	Idress							
VPN		GRE Mask		255.2	55.255.0					
IP Passthrough		GRE Key								
		Negotiation Mod	0	Main		*				
Routing		Authentication Al	lgorithm	DES		*				
VRRP		Encryption Algori	ithm	MD5						
DDNS		DH Group		MOE)P768-1	Ŧ				
		Key								
System	•	Local ID Type		Defa	ult	*				
Industrial	•	IKE Life Time(s)		1080	0					
		SAAlgorithm		DES	-MD5	•				
Maintenance	•	PFS Group		NUL	L	*				
APP	•	Life Time(s)		3600						
		DPD Time Interv	al(s)	30						
		DPD Timeout(s)		150						
		Cisco Secret								
		NHRP Holdtime(s)	7200						
		Save								

	Figure 3-2-5-1			
DMVPN				
ltem	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable DMVPN.			
Hub Address	The IP address or domain name of DMVPN Hub.			
Local IP address	DMVPN local tunnel IP address.			
GRE Hub IP Address	GRE Hub tunnel IP address.			
GRE Local IP Address	P Address GRE local tunnel IP address.			
GRE Netmask	GRE local tunnel netmask.			
GRE Key	GRE tunnel key.			
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".			
Authentication Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and				
Algorithm	"AES256".			
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1".			
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and			
Dir Gloup	"MODP1536_5".			
Кеу	Enter the preshared key.			
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN"			
IKE Life Time (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.			
	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5",			
SA Algorithm	"3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1",			
	"AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and			
	"AES256_SHA1".			
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and			
	"MODP1536-5".			
Life Time (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.			
DPD Interv <mark>al Time</mark> (s)	Set DPD interval time			
DPD Timeout (s)	Set DPD timeout.			
Cisco Secr <mark>et</mark>	Cisco Nhrp key.			
NHRP Hol <mark>dtim</mark> e (s)	The holdtime of NHRP protocol.			
Table 3-2-5-1 DMVPN Parameters				

3.2.5.2 IPSec Server

IPsec is especially useful for implementing virtual private networks and for remote user access through dial-up connection to private networks. A big advantage of IPsec is that security arrangements can be handled without requiring changes to individual user computers.

IPsec provides three choices of security service: Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), and Internet Key Exchange (IKE). AH essentially allows authentication of the senders' data. ESP supports both authentication of the sender and data encryption. IKE is used for cipher code exchange. All of them can protect one and more data flows between hosts, between host and gateway, and between gateways.

UR75 User Guide

DMVPN	IPsec Server	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client
IPsec Server						
Enable						
IPsec Mode			Tunnel			
IPsec Protocol			ESP		Ŧ	
Local Subnet						
Local Subnet Mask						
Local ID Type			Default		Ŧ	
Remote Subnet						
Remote Subnet Ma	sk					
Remote ID Type			Default		Ŧ	
IKE Parameter						
SA Parameter						
IPsec Advanced			\geq			

Figure 3-2-5-2

IPsec Server					
Item	Description				
Enable	Enable IPsec tunnel. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.				
IPsec Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".				
IPsec Proto <mark>col</mark>	Select from "ESP" and "AH".				
Local Subn <mark>et</mark>	Enter the local subnet IP address that IPsec protects.				
Local Subn <mark>et Netmask</mark>	Enter the local netmask that IPsec protects.				
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".				
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address that IPsec protects.				
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that IPsec protects.				
Remote ID type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".				

Table 3-2-5-2 IPsec Parameters

Save

UR75 User Guide

IKE Parameter	2			
IKE Version	IKEv1	•		
Negotiation Mode	Main	•		
Encryption Algorithm	DES	•		
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	•		
DH Group	MODP768-1			
Local Authentication	PSK	•		
XAUTH	۲			
Lifetime(s)	10800			
XAUTH List				
U	sername		Password	Operation
				8
PSK List				
5	Selector		PSK	Operation
				0
		igure 3-2-5-3		
	SA Parameter			
	SA Algorithm	DES-MD5	•	
	PFS Group	NULL	×	
	Lifetime(s)	3600		
	DPD Time Interval(s)	30		
	DPD Timeout(s)	150		
	IPsec Advanced			
	Enable Compression			
	VPN Over IPsec Type	NONE	•	
		igure 3-2-5-4		

IKE Parameter				
Item	Description			
IKE Version	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".			
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".			
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256".			
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and " SHA1"			
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".			
Local Authentication	Select from "PSK" and "CA".			
XAUTH	Enter XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled.			

www.milesight-iot.com

Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.				
XAUTH List					
Username	Enter the username used for the xauth authentication.				
Password	Enter the password used for the xauth authentication.				
PSK List					
Selector	Enter the corresponding identification number for PSK authentication.				
PSK	Enter the pre-shared key.				
SA Parameter					
	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1",				
SA Algorithm	"AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1",				
	"AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1".				
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and				
FFS Gloup	"MODP1536_5".				
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.				
DPD Interval Time(s)	Set DPD interval time to detect if the remote side fails.				
DPD Timeout(s)	Set DPD timeout. Range: 10-3600.				
IPsec Advanced					
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.				
	Select from "NONE", "GRE" and "L2TP" to enable VPN over IPsec				
VPN Over IPsec Type	function.				

Table 3-2-5-3 IPsec Server Parameters

3.2.5.3 IPSec

192.16			
192.16			
	5751551 (6761 556)		
[8.22.211		
Tunne	əl	•	
ESP		•	
192.16	68.1.0		
255.25	5.255.0		
Defau	lt	•	
10.0.9	.0		
255.25	5.255.0		
Defau	lt	•	
>			
	٦	Σ	



IPsec	
ltem	Description
Enable	Enable IPsec tunnel. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.
IPsec Gateway Address	Enter the IP address or domain name of remote IPsec
IF Sec Galeway Address	server.
IPsec Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".
IPsec Protocol	Select from "ESP" and "AH".
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet IP address that IPsec protects.
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local netmask that IPsec protects.
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address that IPsec protects.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that IPsec protects.
Remote ID type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".

Table 3-2-5-4 IPsec Parameters

IKE Parameter		
IKE Version	IKEv1	Ŧ
Negotiation Mode	Main	٣
Encryption Algorithm	DES	۲
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	•
DH Group	MODP768-1	¥
Local Authentication	PSK	¥
Local Secrets		
XAUTH		
Lifetime(s)	10800	
SA Parameter		
SA Algorithm	DES-MD5	٣
PFS Group	NULL	•
Lifetime(s)	3600	
DPD Time Interval(s)	30	
DPD Timeout(s)	150	
IPsec Advanced		
Enable Compression		
VPN Over IPsec Type	NONE	*

Figure 3-2-5-6

IKE Parameter	
Item	Description
IKE Version	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256".
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and " SHA1"
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".
Local Authentication	Select from "PSK" and "CA".
Local Secrets	Enter the pre-shared key.
XAUTH	Enter XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled.
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.
SA Parameter	
SA Algorithm	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1".
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1" , "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.
DPD Interval Time(s)	Set DPD interval time to detect if the remote side fails.
DPD Timeout(s)	Set DPD timeout. Range: 10-3600.
IPsec Advanced	
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.
VPN Over IPsec Type	Select from "NONE", "GRE" and "L2TP" to enable VPN over IPsec function.

Table 3-2-5-5 IPsec Parameters

3.2.5.4 GRE

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks. It's a tunneling technology that provides a channel through which encapsulated data message could be transmitted and encapsulation and decapsulation could be realized at both ends.

In the following circumstances the GRE tunnel transmission can be applied:

- GRE tunnel could transmit multicast data packets as if it were a true network interface. Single use of IPSec cannot achieve the encryption of multicast.
- A certain protocol adopted cannot be routed.
- A network of different IP addresses shall be required to connect other two similar networks.

UR75 User Guide

DMVPN	IPsec Server	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client
GRE Settings	5					
— GRE_1						
Enable						
Remote	IP Address					
Local IP	Address					
Local Vir	tual IP Address					
Netmask	c		255.2	55.255.0		
Peer Vir	tual IP Address					
Global T	raffic Forwarding					
Remote	Subnet					
Remote	Netmask				2	
MTU			1500			
Key						
Enable N	IAT		4			
+ GRE_2						
+ GRE_3						
Save						

Figure 3-2-5-7

GRE	
Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable GRE function.
Remote IP Address	Enter the real remote IP address of GRE tunnel.
Local IP A <mark>ddre</mark> ss	Set the local IP address.
Local Virtu <mark>al IP</mark> Address	Set the local tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.
Netmask	Set the local netmask.
Peer Virtual IP Address	Enter remote tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out via GRE tunnel when this
Forwarding	function is enabled.
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address of GRE tunnel.
Remote Netmask	Enter the remote netmask of GRE tunnel.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500.
Key	Set GRE tunnel key.
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.

Table 3-2-5-6 GRE Parameters

3.2.5.5 L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an extension of the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) used by an Internet service provider (ISP) to enable the operation of a virtual private network (VPN) over the Internet.

DMVPN	IPsec Server	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client
L2TP Settings						
— L2TP_1						
Enable						
Remote IP	Address		58.63	.128.250		
Username			user2			
Password			•••••			
Authentica	tion		CHA	p	•	
Global Trat	ffic Forwarding					
Key						
Advanced	Settings		$\left \right>$			
+ L2TP_2						
+ L2TP_3						
Save	l.					

Figure 3-2-5-8

L2TP	
ltem	Description
Enable	Check to enable L2TP function.
Remote IP Address	Enter the public IP address or domain name of L2TP server.
Username	Enter the username that L2TP server provides.
Password	Enter the password that L2TP server provides.
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1" and "MS-CHAPv2".
Global Traffic Forwarding	All of the data traffic will be sent out via L2TP tunnel after this function is enabled.
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote IP address that L2TP protects.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that L2TP protects.
Кеу	Enter the password of L2TP tunnel.

Table 3-2-5-7 L2TP Parameters

Advanced Settings	
Local IP Address	
Peer IP Address	
Enable NAT	
Enable MPPE	
Address/Control Compression	
Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value	fffffff
MRU	1500
MTU	1500
Link Detection Interval(s)	60
Max Retries	0
Expert Options	

Figure 3-2-5-9

Advanced Settings	
ltem	Description
Local IP Address	Set tunnel IP address of L2TP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address automatically from the server when it's null.
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of L2TP server.
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE encryption.
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff.
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retry to detect the L2TP connection failure. Range: 0-10.
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.

Table 3-2-5-8 L2TP Parameters

3.2.5.6 PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is a protocol that allows corporations to extend their own corporate network through private "tunnels" over the public Internet. Effectively, a corporation uses a wide-area network as a single large local area network.

DMVPN	IPsec Server	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client
PPTP Settings						
- PPTP_1						
Enable						
Remote IF	Address					
Username	í.					
Password						
Authentica	ation		Auto		¥	
Global Tra	ffic Forwarding					
Remote S	ubnet					
Remote S	ubnet Mask					
Advanced	Settings		\triangleright			
+ PPTP_2						
+ PPTP_3						
Save						

Figure 3-2-5-10

РРТР	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable PPTP client. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.
Remote IP Address	Enter the public IP address or domain name of PPTP server.
Username	Enter the username that PPTP server provides.
Password	Enter the password that PPTP server provides.
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1", and "MS-CHAPv2".
Global Traffic	All of the data traffic will be sent out via PPTP tunnel once
Forwarding	enable this function.
Remote Subnet	Set the peer subnet of PPTP.
Remote Subnet Mask	Set the netmask of peer PPTP server.

Table 3-2-5-9 PPTP Parameters

Advanced Settings	
Local IP Address	
Peer IP Address	
Enable NAT	
Enable MPPE	
Address/Control Compression	
Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value	fffffff
MRU	1500
МТО	1500
Link Detection Interval(s)	60
Max Retries	0
Expert Options	

Figure 3-2-5-11

PPTP Advanced Settings				
Item	Description			
Local IP Address	Set IP address of PPTP client.			
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of PPTP server.			
Enable NAT	Enable the NAT faction of PPTP.			
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE encryption.			
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.			
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.			
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff.			
MRU	Enter the maximum receive unit. Range: 0-1500.			
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 0-1500.			
Link Detection Interval	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel			
(s)	connection. Range: 0-600.			
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retrying to detect the PPTP connection failure. Range: 0-10.			
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.			
	Table 2.2.5.10 DDTD Decemptors			

Table 3-2-5-10 PPTP Parameters

Related Configuration Example

PPTP Application Example

3.2.5.7 OpenVPN Client

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability.

Advantages of OpenVPN include:

- Security provisions that function against both active and passive attacks.
- Compatibility with all major operating systems.
- High speed (1.4 megabytes per second typically).
- Ability to configure multiple servers to handle numerous connections simultaneously.
- All encryption and authentication features of the OpenSSL library.
- Advanced bandwidth management.
- A variety of tunneling options.
- Compatibility with smart cards that support the Windows Crypt application program interface (API).

IVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server	Certific
nVPN Clier	nt Settings						
OpenVPN	_1						
Enable							
Protocol		UDF		¥			
Remote IF	Address						
Port		<mark>1194</mark>					
Interface		tun		•			
Authentica	tion	Non	B	¥			
Local Tuni	nel IP						
Remote To	unnel IP						
Enable NA	π						
Compress	ion	LZO		•			
Link Deteo	tion Interval(s)	60					
Link Deteo	tion Timeout(s)	300					
Cipher		Non	B.	*			
MTU		1500					
Max Fram	e Size	1500					
Verbose L	evel	ERF	OR	•			
Expert Op	tions						
Local Rou	ite						
		Subnet			Subnet Mas	sk	Operation
							Ð



OpenVPN Client	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable OpenVPN client. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.

Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP".
Remote IP Address	Enter remote OpenVPN server's IP address or domain name.
Port	Enter the listening port number of remote OpenVPN server. Range: 1-65535.
Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap".
Authentication	Select from "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert", and "X.509 cert+user".
Local Tunnel IP	Set local tunnel address.
Remote Tunnel IP	Enter remote tunnel address.
Global Traffic Forwarding	All the data traffic will be sent out via OpenVPN tunnel when this function is enabled.
Enable TLS Authentication	Check to enable TLS authentication.
Username	Enter username provided by OpenVPN server.
Password	Enter password provided by OpenVPN server.
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.
Compression	Select LZO to compress data.
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 10-1800.
Link Detection Timeout (s)	Set link detection timeout. OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. Range: 60-3600.
Cipher	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DE-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES-128-CBC", "AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC".
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500.
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 128-1500.
Verbose Level	Select from "ERROR", "WARING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG".
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.
Local Route	
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.
	Table 3-2-5-11 OpenVPN Client Parameters

3.2.5.8 OpenVPN Server

The UR75 supports OpenVPN server to create secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities.

UR75 User Guide

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server
penVPN Ser	ver Settings					
Enable						
Protocol		UDP		*		
Port		1194				
istening IP						
nterface		tun		Ŧ		
Authentication		None		Ŧ		
ocal Virtual IP						
Remote Virtual	IP					
Enable NAT		4				
Compression		LZO		*		
ink Detection I	nterval	60				
Cipher		None		Ŧ		
NTU		1500				
Max Frame Size	e	1500				
/erbose Level		ERROR		Ŧ		
Expert Options						

Subnet	Netmask	Operation
		Œ
Username	Password	Operation
		8



OpenVPN Server	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable/disable OpenVPN server.
Protocol	Select from TCP and UDP.
Port	Fill in listening port number. Range: 1-65535.
Listening IP	Enter WAN IP address or LAN IP address. Leaving it blank refers to all
	active WAN IP and LAN IP address.
Interface	Select from " tun" and "tap".
Authentication	Select from "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert"
Authentication	and "X. 509 cert +user".
Local Virtual IP	The local tunnel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
Remote Virtual IP	The remote tunnel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.

Client Subnet	Local subnet IP address of OpenVPN client.
Client Netmask	Local netmask of OpenVPN client.
Renegotiation Interval(s)	Set interval for renegotiation. Range: 0-86400.
Max Clients	Maximum OpenVPN client number. Range: 1-128.
Enable CRL	Enable CRL
Enable Client to Client	Allow access between different OpenVPN clients.
Enable Dup Client	Allow multiple users to use the same certification.
Enable NAT	Check to enable the NAT traversal function.
Compression	Select "LZO" to compress data.
Link Detection Interval	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 10-1800.
Cipher	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES-128-CBC", "AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC".
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500.
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 64-1500.
Verbose Level	Select from "ERROR", "WARING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG".
Export Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and
Expert Options	separate the strings with blank space.
Local Route	
Subnet	The real local IP address of OpenVPN client.
Netmask	The real local netmask of OpenVPN client.
Account	
Username & Password	Set username and password for OpenVPN client.

Table 3-2-5-12 OpenVPN Server Parameters

3.2.5.9 Certifications

User can import/export certificate and key files for OpenVPN and IPsec on this page.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server	Certifications
OpenVPN Clie	ent						
- OpenVPI	N client_1						
CA				Browse	Import Export Del	ete	
Public Ke	әу			Browse	Import Export Del	ete	
Private K	(ey			Browse	Import Export Del	ete	
TA				Browse	Import Export Del	ete	
Preshare	ed Key			Browse	Import Export Del	ete	
PKCS12				Browse	Import Export Del	ete	

Figure 3-2-5-15

OpenVPN Client		
ltem	Description	
СА	Import/Export CA certificate file.	
Public Key	Import/Export public key file.	
Private Key	Import/Export private key file.	
ТА	Import/Export TA key file.	
Preshared Key	Import/Export static key file.	
PKCS12	Import/Export PKCS12 certificate file.	

Table 3-2-5-13 OpenVPN Client Certification Parameters

OpenVPN Server

- OpenVPN Server				
CA	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Public Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Private Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
DH	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
ТА	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
CRL	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Preshared Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete

Figure 3-2-5-16

OpenVPN Server			
ltem	Description		
CA	Import/Export CA certificate file.		
Public Key	Import/Export public key file.		
Private Key	Import/Export private key file.		
DH	Import/Export DH key file.		
ТА	Import/Export TA key file.		
CRL	Import/Export CRL.		
Preshared Key	Import/Export static key file.		

Table 3-2-5-14 OpenVPN Server Parameters

IPsec				
- IPsec_1				
CA	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Client Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Server Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Private Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
CRL	Browse	Import	Export	Delete

Figure 3-2-5-17

IPsec				
Item	Description			
СА	Import/Export CA certificate.			
Client Key	Import/Export client key.			
Server Key	Import/Export server key.			
Private Key	Import/Export private key.			
CRL	Import/Export certificate recovery list.			
	Table 2.2.5.15 IDeee Derematore			

Table 3-2-5-15 IPsec Parameters

IPsec Server

- IPsec Server				
CA	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Local Certificate	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Private Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
CRL	Browse	Import	Export	Delete

Figure 3-2-5-18

IPsec Server				
ltem	Description			
CA	Import/Export CA certificate.			
Local Certificate	Import/Export Local Certificate file.			
Private Key	Import/Export private key.			
CRL	Import/Export certificate recovery list.			

Table 3-2-5-16 IPsec Server Parameters

3.2.6 IP Passthrough

IP Passthrough mode shares or "passes" the Internet providers assigned IP address to a single LAN client device connected to the router.

Status	IP Passthrough	
Network	IP Passthrough	
line a	Enable	
Interface	Passthrough Mode	DHCPS-Fixed •
DHCP	MAC	
Firewall		
QoS	Save	
VPN		
IP Passthrough		

Figure 3-2-6-1

IP Passthrough		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable IP Passthrough.	
Passthrough Mode	Select passthrough mode from "DHCPS-Fixed" and "DHCPS-Dynamic".	
MAC	Set MAC address.	

Table 3-2-6-1 IP Passthrough Parameters

3.2.7 Routing

3.2.7.1 Static Routing

A static routing is a manually configured routing entry. Information about the routing is manually entered rather than obtained from dynamic routing traffic. After setting static routing, the package for the specified destination will be forwarded to the path designated by user.

tatic Routi	ng					
	Destination	Netmask	Interface	Gateway	Distance	Operation
11	4.114.114.114	255.255.255.255	WAN •	192.168.22.1	1	×
8.8	3.8.8	255.255.255.255	WAN T	192.168.22.1	1	×
0.0	0.0.0	0.0.0.0	WAN •	192.168.22.1	1	×

Figure 3-2-7-1

Static Routing				
ltem	Description			
Destination	Enter the destination IP address.			
Netmask	Enter the subnet mask of destination address.			
Interface	The interface through which the data can reach the destination address.			
Gateway	IP address of the next router that will be passed by before the input data reaches the destination address.			
Distance	Priority, smaller value refers to higher priority. Range: 1-255.			
Table 3-2-7-1 Static Routing Parameters				

3.2.7.2 RIP

RIP is mainly designed for small networks. RIP uses Hop Count to measure the distance to the destination address, which is called Metric. In RIP, the hop count from the router to its directly connected network is 0 and the hop count of network to be reached through a router is 1 and so on. In order to limit the convergence time, the specified metric of RIP is an integer in the range of 0 - 15 and the hop count larger than or equal to 16 is defined as infinity, which means that the destination network or host is unreachable. Because of this limitation, the RIP is not suitable for large-scale networks. To improve performance and prevent routing loops, RIP supports split horizon function. RIP also introduces routing obtained by other routing protocols.

Each router that runs RIP manages a routing database, which contains routing entries to reach all reachable destinations.

Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Rou	Iting Filtering
RIP Settings				
Enable				
Update Timer	30			s
Timeout Timer	180			s
Garbage Collection Timer	120			s
Version	v2		•	
Show Advanced Options	•			
Default Information Originate	e 📄			
Default Metric	1			
Redistribute Connected				
Redistribute Static				
Redistribute OSPF				

Figure 3-2-7-2

RIP				
ltem	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable RIP.			
Update Timer	It defines the interval to send routing updates. Range: 5-2147483647, in seconds.			
Timeout Timer	It defines the routing aging time. If no update package on a routing is received within the aging time, the routing's Routing Cost in the routing table will be set to 16. Range: 5-2147483647, in seconds.			
Garbage Collection Timer	It defines the period from the routing cost of a routing becomes 16 to it is deleted from the routing table. In the time of Garbage-Collection, RIP uses 16 as the routing cost for sending routing updates. If Garbage Collection times out and the routing still has not been updated, the routing will be completely removed from the routing table. Range: 5-2147483647, in seconds.			
Version	RIP version. The options are v1 and v2.			
Advanced Settings				
Default Information Originate	Default information will be released when this function is enabled.			
Default Metric	c The default cost for the router to reach destination. Range: 0-16			
Redistribute Connected	Check to enable.			
Metric	Set metric after "Redistribute Connected" is enabled. Range: 0-16.			
Redistribute Static	Check to enable.			
Metric	Set metric after "Redistribute Static" is enabled. Range: 0-16.			
Redistribute OSPF	Check to enable.			
Metric	Set metric after "Redistribute OSPF" is enabled. Range: 0-16.			
	Table 3-2-7-2 RIP Parameters			

UR75 User Guide

Distance/Metric Ma	nagement						
Distance		IP Add	Iress	Netmas	k	ACL Name	Operation
							8
Metric		Policy	in/Out	Interface	9	ACL Name	Operation
							Ŧ
Filter Policy							
Policy Type	•	Policy	Name	Policy In/C	Dut	Interface	Operation
							H
Passive Interface							
			Passive	Interface			Operation
							Ð
Interface							
Interface	Send Version	Receive Version	Split- Horizon	Authentication Mode	Authentication String	Authentication Key-chain	Operation
							æ
Neighbor							
			IP Ad	ldress			Operation
							Ð
Network							
	IP Addre	ss			Netmask		Operation
							Ð
			_	igure 3-2-7-3			

Figure 3-2-7-3

ltem	Description			
Distance/Metric Management				
Distance	Set the administrative distance that a RIP route learns. Range: 1-255.			
IP Address	Set the IP address of RIP route.			
Netmask	Set the netmask of RIP route.			
ACL Name	Set ACL name of RIP route.			
Metric	The metric of received route or sent route from the interface. Range: 0-16.			
Policy in/out	Select from "in" and "out".			

Interface	Select interface of the route.			
ACL Name	Access control list name of the route strategy.			
Filter Policy				
Policy Type	Select from "access-list" and "prefix-list".			
Policy Name	User-defined prefix-list name.			
Policy in/out	Select from "in" and "out".			
Interface	Select interface from "cellular0", "WAN" and "Bridge0".			
Passive Interface				
Passive Interface	Select interface from "cellular0" and "WAN", "Bridge0".			
Interface				
Interface	Select interface from "cellular0", "WAN" and "Bridge0".			
Send Version	Select from "default", "v1" and "v2".			
Receive Version	Select from "default", "v1" and "v2".			
Split-Horizon	Select from "enable" and "disable".			
Authentication Mode	Select from "text" and "md5".			
Authentication String	The authentication key for package interaction in RIPV2.			
Authentication Key-chain	The authentication key-chain for package interaction in RIPV2.			
Neighbor				
IP Address	Set RIP neighbor's IP address manually.			
Network				
IP Address	The IP address of interface for RIP publishing.			
Netmask	sk The netmask of interface for RIP publishing.			
	Table 3-2-7-3			

Table 3-2-7-3

3.2.7.3 OSPF

OSPF, short for Open Shortest Path First, is a link status based on interior gateway protocol developed by IETF.

If a router wants to run the OSPF protocol, there should be a Router ID that can be manually configured. If no Router ID configured, the system will automatically select an IP address of interface as the Router ID. The selection order is as follows:

- If a Loopback interface address is configured, then the last configured IP address of Loopback interface will be used as the Router ID;
- If no Loopback interface address is configured, the system will choose the interface with the biggest IP address as the Router ID.

Five types of packets of OSPF:

- Hello packet

- DD packet (Database Description Packet)
- LSR packet (Link-State Request Packet)
- LSU packet (Link-State Update Packet)
- LSAck packet (Link-Sate Acknowledgment Packet)

Neighbor and Neighboring

After OSPF router starts up, it will send out Hello Packets through the OSPF interface. Upon receipt of Hello packet, OSPF router will check the parameters defined in the packet. If it's consistent, a neighbor relationship will be formed. Not all matched sides in neighbor relationship can form the adjacency relationship. It is determined by the network type. Only when both sides successfully exchange DD packets and LSDB synchronization is achieved, the adjacency in the true sense can be formed. LSA describes the network topology around a router, LSDB describes entire network topology.

Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Routing Filtering	
OSPF Settings				
Enable				
Router ID				
ABR Type	cisco	D	W	
RFC1583 Compatibility	1			
OSPF Opaque-LSA				
SPF Delay Time	0		ms	
SPF Initial-holdtime	50		ms	
SPF Max-holdtime	5000	ŧ	ms	
Reference Bandwidth	100		mbit	

Figure 3-2-7-4

OSPF		
ltem	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable OSPF.	
Router ID	Router ID (IP address) of the originating LSA.	
ABR Type	Select from cisco, ibm, standard and shortcut.	
RFC1583 Compatibility	Enable/Disable.	
OSPF Opaque-LSA	Enable/Disable LSA: a basic communication means of the OSPF routing protocol for the Internet Protocol (IP).	
SPF Delay Time	Set the delay time for OSPF SPF calculations. Range: 0-6000000, in milliseconds.	

SPF Initial-holdtime	Set the initialization time of OSPF SPF. Range: 0-6000000, in milliseconds.	
SPF Max-holdtime	Set the maximum time of OSPF SPF. Range: 0-6000000, in milliseconds.	
Reference Bandwidth	Range: 1-4294967, in Mbit.	

Table 3-2-7-4 OSPF Parameters

Interface							
Inte	erface	Hello Interval(s)	Dead Inte	erval(s)	Retransmit Interval(s)	Transmit Delay(s)	Operation
Bridge0	•	10	40	5		1	×
Interface Adva	anced Options	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$					Đ
Interface	Network	Cost	Priority	Authenticat ion	Key ID	Key	Operation
Bridge 🔻	broad 🔻	10 1					×
							H

Figure 3-2-7-5

Item	Description		
Interface			
Interface	Select interface from "cellular0","WAN" and "Bridge0".		
Hello Interval (s)	Send interval of Hello packet. If the Hello time between two adjacent routers is different, the neighbour relationship cannot be established. Range: 1-65535.		
Dead Interval (s)	Dead Time. If no Hello packet is received from the neighbours within the dead time, then the neighbour is considered failed. If dead times of two adjacent routers are different, the neighbour relationship cannot be established.		
Retransmit Interval (s)	When the router notifies an LSA to its neighbour, it is required to make acknowledgement. If no acknowledgement packet is received within the retransmission interval, this LSA will be retransmitted to the neighbour. Range: 3-65535.		
Transmit Delay (s)	It will take time to transmit OSPF packets on the link. So a certain delay time should be increased before transmission the aging time of LSA. This configuration needs to be further considered on the low-speed link. Range: 1-65535.		
Interface Advanced Options			
Interface	Select interface.		
Network	Select OSPF network type.		
Cost	Set the cost of running OSPF on an interface. Range: 1-65535.		
Priority	Set the OSPF priority of interface. Range: 0-255.		
Authentication	Set the authentication mode that will be used by the OSPF area.		

	Simple: a simple authentication password should be configured and confirmed again. MD5: MD5 key & password should be configured and confirmed again.
Key ID	It only takes effect when MD5 is selected. Range 1-255.
Кеу	The authentication key for OSPF packet interaction.

Table 3-2-7-5 OSPF Parameters

Passive Interface				
	Passi	ve Interface		Operation
				8
Network				
IP Address	N	etmask	Area ID	Operation
				•
Neighbor				
IP Address	F	Priority	Poll	Operation
				•
Area				
Area ID	Area	No Summary	Authentication	Operation
				H

Figure 3-2-7-6

Item	Description		
Passive Interface			
Passive Interface	Select interface from "cellular0", "WAN" and "Bridge0".		
Network			
IP Address	The IP address of local network.		
Netmask	The netmask of local network.		
Area ID The area ID of original LSA's router.			
Area			
Area ID	Set the ID of the OSPF area (IP address).		
Area	Select from "Stub" and "NSSA".		
Alea	The backbone area (area ID 0.0.0.0) cannot be set as "Stub" or "NSSA".		
No Summary	Forbid route summarization.		
Authentication	Select authentication from "simple" and "md5".		

Table 3-2--7-6 OSPF Parameters

Area Advance	ed Options	4							
Area Range									
Are	a ID	IP Add	ress	Netn	nask	No Advertise	Co	st	Operation
									Ð
Area Filter									
	Area ID			Filter Type			ACL Name		Operation
									Ð
Area Virtual	Link								
Area ID	ABR Address	Authentica tion	Key ID	Key	Hello Interval	Dead Interval	Retransmit Interval	Transmit Delay	Operation

Figure 3-2-7-7

Area Advanced Opti	ons
Item	Description
Area Range	
Area ID	The area ID of the interface when it runs OSPF (IP address).
IP Address	Set the IP address.
Netmask	Set the netmask.
No Advertise	Forbid the route information to be advertised among different areas.
Cost	Range: 0-16777215
Area Filter	
Area ID	Select an Area ID for Area Filter.
Filter Type	Select from "import", "export", "filter-in", and "filter-out".
ACL Name	Enter an ACL name which is set on "Routing > Routing Filtering" webpage.
Area Virtual Link	
Area ID	Set the ID number of OSPF area.
ABR Address	ABR is the router connected to multiple outer areas.
Authentication	Select from "simple" and "md5".
Key ID	It only takes effect when MD5 is selected. Range 1-15.
Key	The authentication key for OSPF packet interaction.
Hello Interval	Set the interval time for sending Hello packets through the interface. Range: 1-65535.
Dead Interval	The dead interval time for sending Hello packets through the interface. Range: 1-65535.
Retransmit	The retransmission interval time for re-sending LSA. Range: 1-65535.
Interval	

Table 3-2-7-7 OSPF Parameters

UR75 User Guide

Redistribution				
Redistribution Type	Metric	Metric Type	Route Map	Operation
connected •		1 •		×
Redistribution Advanced Options				Đ
Always Redistribute Default Route				
Redistribute Default Route Metric 0				
Redistribute Default Route Metric Type 1	•			
Distance Management				
Агеа Туре		Dist	ance	Operation
				H

Figure 3-2-7-8

Item	Description		
Redistribution			
Redistribution Type	Select from "connected", "static" and "rip".		
Metric	The metric of redistribution router. Range: 0-16777214.		
Metric Type	Select Metric type from "1" and "2".		
Route Map	Mainly used to manage route for redistribution.		
Redistribution Advanced	Options		
Always Redistribute Default Route	Send redistribution default route after starting up.		
Redistribute Default	Send redistribution default route metric. Range:		
Route Metric	0-16777214.		
Redistribut <mark>e De</mark> fault Route Metr <mark>ic T</mark> ype	Select from "0", "1" and "2".		
Distance Management			
Area Type	Select from "intra-area", "inter-area" and "external".		
Distance	Set the OSPF routing distance for area learning. Range: 1-255.		

Table 3-2-7-8 OSPF Parameters

3.2.7.4 Routing Filtering

Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Routing F	iltering				
ccess Control List								
Name	Ac	tion	Match Any	IP Ad	ldress	Netr	nask	Operation
	deny	•						×
								Ð
Prefix-List								
Name	Sequence Number	Action	Match Any	IP Address	Netmask	GE Length	LE Length	Operation
		deny 🔻						×

Figure 3-2-7-9

ItemDescriptionAccess Control ListNameUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address and subnet mask.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.IP Prefix-ListUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.SecuenceVer-defined.SecuenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.LE LengthSpecify the maximum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Routing Filteri	ng
NameUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address and subnet mask.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.IP Prefix-ListUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	ltem	Description
Nameare allowed.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address and subnet mask.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.IP Prefix-ListImage: Sequence of the sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Access Contro	ol List
Match AnyNo need to set IP address and subnet mask.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.IP Prefix-ListImage: Image: Image	Name	
IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.IP Prefix-ListUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Action	Select from "permit" and "deny".
NetmaskUser-defined.IP Prefix-ListUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.NameUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Match Any	No need to set IP address and subnet mask.
IP Prefix-ListNameUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	IP Address	User-defined.
NameUser-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.Sequence NumberA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Netmask	User-defined.
Nameare allowed.SequenceA prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	IP Prefix-List	
Numberone sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.ActionSelect from "permit" and "deny".Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Name	
Match AnyNo need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	•	
IP AddressUser-defined.NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Action	S <mark>elect from "permit</mark> " and "deny".
NetmaskUser-defined.FE LengthSpecify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	Match Any	No need to set IP address, subnet mask, FE Length, and LE Length.
FE Length Specify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	IP Address	User-defined.
	Netmask	User-defined.
LE Length Specify the maximum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.	FE Length	Specify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.
	LE Length	Specify the maximum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.

Table 3-2-7-9 Routing Filtering Parameters

3.2.8 VRRP

The Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) is a computer networking protocol that provides automatic assignment of available Internet Protocol (IP) routers for participating hosts. This increases the availability and reliability of routing paths via automatic default gateway selections in

an IP sub-network.

Increasing the number of exit gateway is a common method for improving system reliability. VRRP adds a group of routers that undertake gateway function into a backup group so as to form a virtual router. The election mechanism of VRRP will decide which router undertakes the forwarding task, and the host in LAN is only required to configure the default gateway for the virtual router.

In VRRP, routers need to be aware of failures in the virtual master router. To achieve this, the virtual master router sends out multicast "alive" announcements to the virtual backup routers in the same VRRP group.

The VRRP router who has the highest number will become the virtual master router. The VRRP router number ranges from 1 to 255 and usually we use 255 for the highest priority and 100 for backup.

If the current virtual master router receives an announcement from a group member (Router ID) with a higher priority, then the latter will pre-empt and become the virtual master router.

VRRP has the following characteristics:

- The virtual router with an IP address is known as the Virtual IP address. For the host in LAN, it is only required to know the IP address of virtual router, and set it as the address of the next hop of the default route.
- The network Host communicates with the external network through this virtual router.
- A router will be selected from the set of routers based on its priority to undertake the gateway function. Other routers will be used as backup routers to perform the duties of gateway for the gateway router in the case of any malfunction, so as to guarantee uninterrupted communication between the host and external network.

When interface connected with the uplink is at the state of Down or Removed, the router actively lowers its priority so that priority of other routers in the backup group will be higher. Thus the router with the highest priority becomes the gateway for the transmission task.

Status	VRRP		
Network	VRRP Status Status	DISABLE	
Interface	VRRP Settings		
DHCP	Enable		
Firewall	Interface	Bridge0 •	
i iicwaii	Virtual Router ID	1	
QoS	Virtual IP		
VPN	Priority	100	
IP Passthrough	Advertisement Interval (s)	1	
	Preemption Mode		
Routing	IPV4 Primary Server	8.8.8.8	
VRRP	IPV4 Secondary Server	114.114.114.114	
DDNS	Interval	300 s	
	Retry Interval	5 s	
System •	Timeout	3 s	
	Max Ping Retries	3	
Industrial			
Maintenance	Save		

Figure 3-2-8-1

VRRP					
ltem		Description	Default		
Enable		Enable or disable VRRP.	Disable		
Interface		Select the interface of Virtual Router.	None		
Virtual Router ID		User-defined Virtual Router ID. Range: 1-255.	None		
Virtual IP		Set the IP address of Virtual Router.	None		
		The VRRP priority range is 1-254 (a bigger number indicates			
Priority		a higher priority). The router with higher priority will be more	100		
		likely to become the gateway router.			
Advertisement Inte	rval	Heartbeat package transmission time interval between	1		
(s)		routers in the virtual ip group. Range: 1-255.	I		
		If the router works in the preemption mode, once it finds			
		that its own priority is higher than that of the current			
Preemption Mode		gateway router, it will send VRRP notification package,	Disable		
Freemption mode		resulting in re-election of gateway router and eventually	Disable		
		replacing the original gateway router. Accordingly, the			
		original gateway router will become a Backup router.			
		The router will send ICMP packet to the IP address or hostn			
IPV4 Primary Serve	r	ame to determine whether the Internet connection is still av	8.8.8.8		
		ailable or not.			
IPV4 Secondary Se	The router will try to ping the secondary server name if prim		114.114.		
II V4 Secondary Se		ary server is not available.	114.114		
Interval		Time interval (in seconds) between two Pings.	300		
Retry Interval		Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will pi	5		
Netry Interval		ng again every retry interval.	5		
		The maximum amount of time the router will wait for a resp			
Timeout		onse to a ping request. If it does not receive a response for	3		
inicout		the amount of time defined in this field, the ping request will			
		be considered as failure.			
Max Ping Retries		The retry times of the router sending ping request until dete	3		
Max I ing Retries		rmining that the connection has failed.	5		

Table 3-2-8-1 VRRP Parameters

Related Configuration Example

VRRP Application Example

3.2.9 DDNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a method that automatically updates a name server in the Domain Name System, which allows user to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name.

DDNS serves as a client tool and needs to coordinate with DDNS server. Before starting configuration, user shall register on a website of proper domain name provider and apply for a domain name.

UR75 User Guide

Status	DDNS		
Network	DDNS Method List		
	Enable		
Interface	Name		
DHCP	Interface	ppp1	Ŧ
Firewall	Service Type	DynDNS	¥
	Username		
QoS	User ID		
VPN	Password		
IP Passthrough	Server		
	Server Path		
Routing	Hostname		
VRRP	Append IP		
DDNS			
System	Save		

Figure 3-2-9-1

DDNS	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable/disable DDNS.
Name	Give the DDNS a descriptive name.
Interface	Set interface bundled with the DDNS.
Service Type	Select the DDNS service provider.
Username	Enter the username for DDNS register.
User ID	Enter User ID of the custom DDNS server.
Password	Enter the password for DDNS register.
Server	Enter the name of DDNS server.
Server Path	By default the hostname is appended to the path.
Hostname	Enter the hostname for DDNS.
Append IP	Append your current IP to the DDNS server update path.

Table 3-2-9-1 DDNS Parameters

3.3 System

This section describes how to configure general settings, such as administration account, access service, system time, common user management, SNMP, AAA, event alarms, etc.

3.3.1 General Settings

3.3.1.1 General

General settings include system info and HTTPS certificates.

General	System Time	Email	Storag	ge	
System					
Hostname		ROUTER			
Web Login Tim	eout(s)	1800			
Encrypting Cle	artext Passwords				
HTTPS Certif	icates				
Certificate	https.crt	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Key	https.key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Save					

Figure 3-3-1-1

General					
Item	Description	Default			
System					
Hostname	User-defined router name, needs to start with a letter.	ROUTER			
Web Login Timeo <mark>ut</mark> (s)	You need to log in again if it times out. Range: 100-3600.	1800			
Encrypting Cleartext Passwords	This function will encrypt all of cleartext passwords into ciphertext passwords.	Enable			
HTTPS Certificates					
Certificate	Click "Browse" button, choose certificate file on the PC, and then click "Import" button to upload the file into router. Click "Export" button will export the file to the PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file.				
Кеу	Click "Browse" button, choose key file on the PC, and then click "Import" button to upload the file into router. Click "Export" button will export file to the PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file.	-			

Table 3-3-1-1 General Setting Parameters

3.3.1.2 System Time

This section explains how to set the system time including time zone and time synchronization type. Note: to ensure that the router runs with the correct time, it's recommended that you set the system time when configuring the router.

Status	General	System Time	Email	Storage
Network •	System Time Se	ettings		
	Current Time		2020-04-30 17:58	3:27 Thur
System	Time Zone		8 China (Beijing)	T
General Settings	Sync Type		Sync with NTP S	Server 🔻
Phone & SMS	Primary NTP Serv	ver	1.cn.pool.ntp.org	•
	Secondary NTP S	Server		•
User Management	NTP Server			
SNMP	Enable NTP Serv	rer		
AAA			1	
Device Management	Save			
	Figu	re 3-3-1-2		
Status	General	System Time	Email	Storage
Network •	System Time S	ettings		
	Current Time		2020-04-30 17:5	8:45 Thur
System	Time Zone		8 China (Beijing)
General Settings	Sync Type		Set up Manually	(
Phone & SMS	Date		2020-04-30	
	Time		17 🔻 58	▼ 45 ▼
User Management				
SNMP	Save			
ААА				

Figure 3-3-1-3

UR75 User Guide

Status	General	System Time	Email	Storage
Network	System Time So	ettings		
	Current Time		2020-04-30 18:01	:37 Thur
System	Time Zone		8 China (Beijing)	•
General Settings	Sync Type		GPS Time Synch	ronization 🔻
Phone & SMS	During			
User Management	Save			
SNMP				
ААА				
	Figure	3-3-1-4		
Status	General	System Time	Email St	orage
Network	System Time Settin	ngs		
	Current Time	2	2020-04-30 18:01:48 T	hur
System	Time Zone	[8 China (Beijing)	•
General Settings	Sync Type	[Sync with Browser	v
Phone & SMS	Browser Time	2	2020-04-30 18:01:48 T	hur
User Management	Save			
SNMP				
ААА				
	Figure	3-3-1-5		
System Time				
Item	Description			
Current Time	Show the current syste	em time.		
Time Zone	Click the drop down lis	t to select the t	time zone you a	re in.
Sync Type	Click the drop down lis	t to select the t	time synchroniz	ation type.
Sync with Browser	Synchronize time with	browser.		
Browser Time	Show the current time	of browser.		
Set up Manually	Manually configure the	e system time.		
GPS Time	Supphronizo time - with	CDC		
Synchronization	Synchronize time with	675.		
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Ser	ver's IP addres	s or domain nar	ne.
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP S	Server's IP addr	ess or domain i	name.
NTP Server	· · · · ·			

Enable NTP Server	NTP client on the network can achieve time synchronization with router
Ellable NTP Server	after "Enable NTP Server" option is checked.

Table 3-3-1-2 System Time Parameters

3.3.1.3 Email

SMTP, short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, is a TCP/IP protocol used in sending and receiving e-mail. This section describes how to configure email settings and add email groups for alarms and events.

System 🗸	General	System Time	Email	Storage
General Settings	SMTP Client Se	ettings		
Phone & SMS	Enable			
User Management	Email Address Password			
SNMP	SMTP Server Ad	dress		
ААА	Port	25		
Device Management	Encryption	STARTTLS	¥	
Events	Test	I		

Figure 3-3-1-6

SMTP Client Settings			
Item	Description		
Enable	Enable or disable SMTP client function.		
Email Addr <mark>ess</mark>	Enter the sender's email account.		
Password	Enter the sender's email password.		
SMTP Serv <mark>er Address</mark>	Enter SMTP server's domain name.		
Port	Enter SMTP server port. Range: 1-65535.		
	Select from: None, TLS/SSL, STARTTLS.		
	None: No encryption. The default port is 25.		
	STARTTLS: STARTTLS is a way to take an existing insecure		
	connection and upgrade it to a secure connection by using		
	SSL/TLS. The default port is 587.		
Encryption	TLS/SSL: SSL and TLS both provide a way to encrypt a		
	communication channel between two computers (e.g. your		
	computer and our server). TLS is the successor to SSL and		
	the terms SSL and TLS are used interchangeably unless		
	you're referring to a specific version of the protocol.The		
	default port is 465.		

Table 3-3-1-3 SMTP Setting

UR75 User Guide

General	System Time	Email	Storage			
Email List						
	Email Address			Description	1	Operation
[9. 5.					×
						H
Email Group L	ist					
	Grou	p ID				
	Desc	ription				
		List	_	Selected		
					*	
			*		*	
			Save	Cancel		
			Figure 3-3-	1-7		

Item Description	
Email List	
Email Address	Enter the Email address.
Description	The description of the Email address.
Email Group List	
Group ID Set number for email group. Range: 1-100.	
Description	The description of the Email group.
List	Show the Email address list.
Selected	Show the selected Email address.
	Table 3-3-1-4 Email Settings

Related Topics

DI Setting

Events Setting

Events Application Example

3.3.1.4 Storage

You can view Micro SD card information on this page.

SD	
Status	Not Inserted
Storage (Available/Capacity)	2

Figure 3-3-1-8

Storage	
Item	Description
Status	Show the status of SSD, such as "Available" or "Not Inserted".
Storage (Capacity/Available)	The total capacity of the SSD.
Format	Format the SSD.

Table 3-3-1-5 Storage Information

3.3.2 Phone&SMS

3.3.2.1 Phone

Phone settings involve in call/SMS trigger, SMS control and SMS alarm for events.

Phone	SMS			
Phone Num	ber List			
	Number		Description	Operation
				\mathbf{x}
				H
Phone Grou	p List			
	G	oup ID		
	D	escription		
		List	Selected	
		Save	≥ ≫ ≪ Cancel	Ţ
		Figure	e 3-3-2-1	
		riguit	C J-J-Z-1	
Phone				
ltem		Description		
Phone Ni	umber List			

Number	Enter the telephone number. Digits, "+" and "-" are allowed.	
Description	The description of the telephone number.	
Phone Group List		
Group ID	Set number for phone group. Range: 1-100.	
Description	The description of the phone group.	
List	Show the phone list.	
Selected	Show the selected phone number.	

Table 3-3-2-1 Phone Settings

Related Topic

Connect on Demand

3.3.2.2 SMS

SMS settings involve in remote SMS control, sending SMS and SMS receiving and sending status.

Status	Phone SMS		
Network	General Setting		
	SMS Mode	PDU	T
System 🔻	SMS Remote Control		
General Settings	Authentication Type	Password+Phone	•
	Password		
Phone & SMS	Phone Group		•
User Management		v	
SNMP	Save		



SMS Settings	SMS Settings			
Item	Description			
SMS Mode	Select SMS mode from "TEXT" and "PDU".			
SMS Remote Control	Enable/disable SMS Remote Control.			
Authentication Type	You can choose "phone number" or "password + phone number". Phone number: Use phone number for authentication. Password + phone number: Use both ""Password"" and ""Phone number"" for authentication.			
Password	Set password for authentication.			
Phone Group	Select the Phone group which used for remote control. User can click the Phone Group and set phone number.			

Table 3-3-2-2 SMS Remote Control Parameters

Send SMS						
Phone Number						
Content						
Send						
Inbox						
From		То		Sender		Search
	Sender		Time		Content	
< > 10 ▼	Go to: GO					
Outbox						
From		То		Recipient		Search
	Recipient	Time		Content	1	Status
< > 10 •	Go to: GO					

Figure 3-3-2-3

SMS		
Item	Description	
Send SMS		
Phone Number	Enter the number to receive the SMS.	
Content	SMS content.	
Inbox/Outbox		
Sender	SMS sender from outside.	
Recipient	SMS recipient which UR75 send to.	
From	Select the start date.	
То	Select the end date.	

Table 3-3-2-3 SMS Settings

3.3.3 User Management

3.3.3.1 Account

Here you can change the login username and password of the administrator.

Note: it is strongly recommended that you modify them for the sake of security.

Status	Account User Man	nagement
Network •	Change Account Info	admin
System 🔻	Old Password	
General Settings	New Password Confirm New Password	
User Management		
SNMP	Save	
ААА		
Device Management		

Figure 3-3-3-1

Account		
Item	Description	
Username	Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-", "\$". The first character can't be a digit.	
Old Password	Enter the old password.	
New Password	Enter a new password.	
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again.	

Table 3-3-3-1 Account Settings

3.3.3.2 User Management

This section describes how to create common user accounts. The common user permission includes Read-Only and Read-Write.

Status		Account	User Management			
Network	×	User List				
			Username	Password	Permission	Operation
System	-				Read-Only •	×
General Settings						æ
User Management		Save				
SNMP		Jave				
AAA						
Device Management						



User Managem	User Management		
ltem	Description		
Username	Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-", "\$". The first		

	character can't be a digit.
Password	Set password.
	Select user permission from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".
Permission	- Read-Only: users can only view the configuration of router in this level.
	- Read-Write: users can view and set the configuration of router in this level.

Table 3-3-3-2 User Management

3.3.4 SNMP

SNMP is widely used in network management for network monitoring. SNMP exposes management data with variables form in managed system. The system is organized in a management information base (MIB) which describes the system status and configuration. These variables can be remotely queried by managing applications.

Configuring SNMP in networking, NMS, and a management program of SNMP should be set up at the Manager.

Configuration steps are listed as below for achieving query from NMS:

- 1. Enable SNMP setting.
- 2. Download MIB file and load it into NMS.
- 3. Configure MIB View.
- 4. Configure VCAM.

Related Configuration Example

SNMP Application Example

3.3.4.1 SNMP

UR75 supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 version. SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c employ community name authentication. SNMPv3 employs authentication encryption by username and password.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Тгар	MIB
SNMP Settin	gs			
Enable				
Port		161		
SNMP Version		SNMPv2		•
Location Information		225_location		
Contact Information		225_Contact		

Figure 3-3-4-1

SNMP Settings		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP function.	
Dant	Set SNMP listened port. Range: 1-65535.	
Port	The default port is 161.	
SNMP Version Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3.		
Location Information Fill in the location information.		
Contact Information	Fill in the contact information.	

Table 3-3-4-1 SNMP Parameters

3.3.4.2 MIB View

This section explains how to configure MIB view for the objects.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB	
View List					
v	iew Name		Filter	View OID	Operation
All		Included	٣	1	×
system		Included	٠	1.3.6.1.2.1.1	
					E

Figure 3-3-4-2

MIB View			
Item	Description		
View Name	Set MIB view's name.		
View Filter	Select from "Included" and "Excluded".		
View OID	Enter the OID number.		
Included	You can query all nodes within the specified MIB node.		
Excluded	You can query all nodes except for the specified MIB node.		
	Table 3-3-4-2 MIB View Parameters		

3.3.4.3 VACM

This section describes how to configure VCAM parameters.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB		
SNMP v1 & v	2 User List					
Сог	mmunity	Permissio	n	MIB View	Network	Operation
private		Read-Write	• A	1	▼ 0.0.0.0/0	×
public		Read-Write	• A	I	▼ 0.0.0.0/0	×
						+

Figure 3-3-4-3

VACM		
Item	Description	
SNMP v1 & v2 Us	er List	
Community	Set the community name.	
Permission	Select from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".	
MIB View	Select an MIB view to set permissions from the MIB view list.	
Network	The IP address and bits of the external network accessing the MIB view.	
Read-Write	The permission of the specified MIB node is read and write.	
Read-Only	The permission of the specified MIB node is read only.	
SNMP v3 User Gr	oup	
Group Name	Set the name of SNMPv3 group.	
Security Level	Select from "NoAuth/NoPriv", "Auth/NoPriv", and " Auth/Priv".	
Read-Only View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-only" from the MIB view list.	
Read-Write View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-write" from the MIB view list.	
Inform View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Inform" from the MIB view list.	
SNMP v3 User Lis	st	
Username	Set the name of SNMPv3 user.	
Group Name	Select a user group to be configured from the user group.	
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA", and "None".	
Authentication Password	The password should be filled in if authentication is "MD5" and "SHA".	
Encryption	Select from "AES", "DES", and "None".	
Encryption Password	The password should be filled in if encryption is "AES" and "DES".	

Table 3-3-4-3 VACM Parameters

3.3.4.4 Trap

This section explains how to enable network monitoring by SNMP trap.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB
SNMP Trap				
Enable				
SNMP Version		SNMPv2		*
Server Address	3			
Port				
Name				

Figure 3-3-3-4

SNMP Trap	SNMP Trap		
Item	Description		
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP Trap function.		
SNMP Version	Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3.		
Server Address	Fill in NMS's IP address or domain name.		
Port	Fill in UDP port. Port range is 1-65535. The default port is 162.		
Name	Fill in the group name when using SNMP v1/v2c; fill in the username when using SNMP v3.		
Auth/Priv Mode	Select from "NoAuth & No Priv", "Auth & NoPriv", and "Auth & Priv".		
	Table 2.2.4.4 Tran Darameters		

Table 3-3-4-4 Trap Parameters

3.3.4.5 MIB

This section describes how to download MIB files. The last MIB file "LTE-ROUTER-MIB.txt" is for the UR75 router.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Тгар	MIB
MIB Downloa	d			
MIB File		LTE-ROU	ITER-MIB.b 🔻	Download

Figure	3-3-4-5
inguic	0010

MIB			
Item		Description	
MIB File		Select the MIB file you need.	
Download		Click "Download" button to download the MIB file to PC.	
		Table 3-3-4-5 MIB Download	

3.3.5 AAA

AAA access control is used for visitors control and the available corresponding services once access is allowed. It adopts the same method to configure three independent safety functions. It provides modularization methods for following services:

- Authentication: verify if the user is qualified to access to the network.
- Authorization: authorize related services available for the user.
- Charging: record the utilization of network resources.

3.3.5.1 Radius

Using UDP for its transport, Radius is generally applied in various network environments with higher requirements of security and permission of remote user access.

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authentication
Radius Settin	gs		
Enable			
Server IP Addre	ess		
Server Port		18 <mark>1</mark> 2	
Shared Secret			
Save			

Figure 3-3-5-1

Radius	
ltem	Description
Enable	Enable or disable Radius.
Server IP Address	Fill in the Radius server IP address/domain name.
Server Port	Fill in the Radius server port. Range: 1-65535.
Кеу	Fill in the key consistent with that of Radius server in order to
	get connected with Radius server.

Table 3-3-5-1 Radius Parameters

3.3.5.2 TACACS+

Using TCP for its transport, TACACS+ is mainly used for authentication, authorization and charging of the access users and terminal users by adopting PPP and VPDN.

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authentication
Tacacs+ Sett	ings		
Enable			
Server IP Add	ress		
Server Port		49	
Shared Secret	t		
Save			

Figure 3-3-5-2

TACACS+	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable TACACS+.
Server IP Address	Fill in the TACACS+ server IP address/domain name.
Server Port	Fill in the TACACS+ server port. Range: 1-65535.
Кеу	Fill in the key consistent with that of TACACS+ server in order to get connected with TACACS+ server.

Table 3-3-5-2 TACACS+ Parameters

3.3.5.3 LDAP

A common usage of LDAP is to provide a central place to store usernames and passwords. This allows many different applications and services to connect the LDAP server to validate users.

LDAP is based on a simpler subset of the standards contained within the X.500 standard. Because of this relationship, LDAP is sometimes called X.500-lite as well.

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authentication
LDAP Setting	ıs		
Enable			
Server IP Addr	ess		
Server Port		389	
Base DN			
Security		None	•
Username			
Password		[



LDAP		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or Disable LDAP.	
Server IP Address	Fill in the LDAP server's IP address/domain name. The maximum count is 10.	
Server Port	Fill in the LDAP server's port. Range: 1-65535	
Base DN	The top of LDAP directory tree.	
Security	Select secure method from "None", "StartTLS" and "SSL".	

Username	Enter the username to access the server.
Password	Enter the password to access the server.

Table 3-3-5-3 LDAP Parameters

3.3.5.4 Authentication

AAA supports the following authentication ways:

- None: uses no authentication, generally not recommended.
- Local: uses the local username database for authentication.
 - > Advantages: rapidness, cost reduction.
 - > Disadvantages: storage capacity limited by hardware.
- Remote: has user's information stored on authentication server. Radius, TACACS+ and LDAP supported for remote authentication.

When radius, TACACS+, and local are configured at the same time, the priority level is: 1 >2 >3.

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authentication		
Authenticatio	on Settings				
Se	rvice	1		2	3
Cor	nsole	None •	None	Ŧ	None •
v	Veb	None •	None	v	None •
Te	lnet	None •	None	×	None •
S	SH	None •	None	Ŧ	None 🔻
Save		F	igure 3-3-5-4		
Authentic	ation				
ltem		Description			
Console		Select authentication for Console access.			
Web		Select authentication for Web access.			
Telnet		Select authe	entication for Tel	net access.	
SSH		Select authe	entication for SS	H access.	
			Authoritication Dar	matara	

Table 3-3-5-4 Authentication Parameters

3.3.6 Device Management

3.3.6.1 DeviceHub

You can connect the device to the Milesight DeviceHub on this page so as to manage the router centrally and remotely.

Device Management Milesight VPN	
Device Management	
Status	Disconnected
Server Address	
Activation Method	By Authentication Code 🛛 🗸
Authentication Code	

Figure 3-3-6-1

DeviceHub			
ltem	Description		
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the DeviceHub.		
Disconnected	Click this button to disconnect the router from the DeviceHub.		
Server Address	IP address or domain of the device management server.		
Activation Method	Select activation method to connect the router to the DeviceHub server, options are "By Authentication Code" and "By Account name".		
Authentication Code	Fill in the authentication code generated from the DeviceHub.		
Account name Password	Fill in the registered DeviceHub account (email) and password.		

Table 3-3-6-1

3.3.6.2 Milesight VPN

You can connect the device to the Milesight VPN on this page so as to manage the router and connected devices centrally and remotely.

Device Management	Milesight VPN
Milesight VPN Setting	
Server	
Port	18443
Authorization Code	
Device Name	
Connect	
Milesight VPN Status	
Status	Disconnected
Local IP	
Remote IP	-
Duration	17



	Figure 3-3-6-2	
Milesight VPN		
Item	Description	
Milesight VPN Settings		
Server	Enter the IP address or domain name of Milesight VPN.	
Port	Enter the HTTPS port number.	
Authorization code	Enter the authorization code which generated by Milesight VPN.	
Device Name	Enter the name of the device.	
Milesight VPN Status		
Status	Show the connection information about whether the router is	
Status	connected to the Milesight VPN.	
Local IP	Show the virtual IP of the router.	
Remote IP	Show the virtual IP of the Milesight VPN.	
Duration	Show the information on how long the router has been	
Duration	connected to the Milesight VPN.	

Table 3-3-6-2

3.3.7 Events

Event feature is capable of sending alerts by Email when certain system events occur.

3.3.7.1 Events

You can view alarm messages on this page.

Status	Events Events	Settings	
Network 🕨	Mark as Read Del	ete Mark All as Read D	elete All Alarms
System 🔻	Status	Type Time	Message
General Settings	< > 10 • Go to:	GO	
User Management			
SNMP			
АЛА			
Events			

Figure 3-3-7-1

Events		
ltem	Description	
Mark as Read	Mark the selected event alarm as read.	
Delete	Delete the selected event alarm.	
Mark All as Read	Mark all event alarms as read.	
Delete All Alarms	Delete all event alarms.	
Status	Show the reading status of the event alarms, such as "Read" and "Unread".	
Туре	Show the event type that should be alarmed.	
Time	Show the alarm time.	
Message	Show the alarm content.	
	Table 3-3-7-1 Events Parameters	

3.3.7.2 Events Settings

In this section, you can decide what events to record and whether you want to receive email and SMS notifications when any change occurs.

Events Settings

Events Settings

Events

Enable		
Phone Group List	,	•
Email Group List		-

Events	Record	Email 🗔 Email Group List	SMS 📮 Phone Group List	
System Startup				
System Reboot				
System Time Update				
VPN Up				
VPN Down				
WAN Up				
WAN Down				
Link switch				
Weak Signal				
Cellular Up				

Figure 3-3-7-2

Cellular Down		
Cellular Data Stats Clear		
Cellular Data Traffic is running out		
Cellular Data Traffic Overflow		
WLAN Up(AP)		
WLAN Down(AP)		
WLAN Up(Client)		
WLAN Down(Client)		

Figure 3-3-7-3

Event Settings			
Item	Description		
Enable	Check to enable "Events Settings".		
Phone Group List	Select phone group to receive SMS alarm.		
Email Group List	Select email group to receive alarm.		
Decord	The relevant content of event alarm will be recorded on		
Record	"Event" page if this option is checked.		
E	The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via email		
Email	if this option is checked.		

Email Setting	Click and you will be redirected to the page "Email" to
	configure email group list.
SMS	The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via SMS
01010	if this option is checked.
CMC Cotting	Click and you will be redirected to the page of "Phone" to
SMS Setting	configure phone group list.
VPN Up	VPN is connected.
VPN Down	VPN is disconnected.
WAN Up	Ethernet cable is connected to WAN port.
WAN Down	Ethernet cable is disconnected to WAN port.
Link Switch	Switch to use other interface for Internet access.
Weak Signal	The signal level of cellular is low.
Cellular Up	Cellular network is connected.
Cellular Down	Cellular network is disconnected.
Cellular Data Stats Clear	Zero out the data usage of the main SIM card.
Cellular Data Traffic is running out	The main SIM card is reaching the data usage limit.
Cellular Data Traffic	The main CIM card has avageded the data vegas plan
Over Flow	The main SIM card has exceeded the data usage plan.
WLAN Up(AP)	The WLAN(AP) is enabled.
WLAN Down(AP)	The WLAN(AP) has stopped working.
WLAN Up(Client)	The WLAN(Client) is enabled.
WLAN Down(Client)	The WLAN(Client) has stopped working.
. ,	

Related Topics

Email Setting

Events Application Example

3.4 Industrial Interface

UR75 router is capable of connecting with terminals through industrial interfaces so as to realize wireless communication between terminals and remote data center.

Table 4-3-7-2 Events Parameters

There are two types of the router's industrial interface: serial port (RS232 and RS485) and I/O (digital input and digital output).

RS232 adopts full-duplex communication. It's generally used for communication within 20m.

RS485 adopts half-duplex communication to achieve transmission of serial communication data with distance up to 120m.

Digital input of I/O interface is a logical variable or switch variable with only two values of 0 and 1. "0" refers to low level and "1" refers to high level .

3.4.1 I/O

3.4.1.1 DI

This section explains how to configure monitoring condition on digital input, and take certain actions once the condition is reached.

Status	Î	DI DO		
Network	•	DI Setting		
		Enable		
System	•	Mode	High Level 🔻	
		Duration(ms)	100	
Industrial		Action	SMS Email DO	Cellular UP
I/O		Save		
Serial Port		Jave		



DI	
ltem	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DI.
Mode	Options are "High Level", "Low Level", and "Counter".
Duration (ms)	Set the duration of high/low level in digital input. Range: 1-10000.
Condition	Select from "Low->High", and "High-> Low".
Low->High	The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from low level to high level.
High->Low	The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from high level to low level.
Counter	The system will take actions accordingly when the counter value reach the preset one, and then reset the counter value to 0. Range: 1-100.
Action	Select the corresponding actions that the system will take when digital input mode meets the preset condition or duration.
SMS	Check to enable SMS alarm.
Phone Group	Set phone group to receive SMS alarm.
SMS Content	Set the content of SMS alarm.
Email	Check to enable Email alarm.
Email Group	Set phone group to receive email alarm.
Email Content	Set the content of email alarm.
DO	Control output status of DO.
Cellular UP	Trigger the router to switch from offline mode to cellular network mode.

Table 3-4-1-1 DI Parameters

Related Topics

DO Setting

Email Setting

Connect on Demand

3.4.1.2 DO

This section describes how to configure digital output mode.

Status	Î	DI DO		
Network	•	DO Setting		
		Enable		
System	•	Mode	High Level	•
		Duration(*10ms)	100	
Industrial	-		L	
I/O		Save		

Figure 3-4-1-2

DO			
ltem	Description		
Enable	Enable or disable DO.		
Mode	Select from "High Level", "Low Level", "Pulse" and "Custom" .		
Duration (*10ms)	Set duration of high/low level on digital output. Range: 1-10000.		
Initial Status	Select high level or low level as the initial status of the pulse.		
Duration of High Level (*10ms)	Set the duration of pulse's high level. Range: 1-10000.		
Duration of Low Level (*10ms)	Set the duration of pulse's low level. Range: 1-10000.		
The Numb <mark>er o</mark> f Pulse	Set the quantity of pulse. Range: 1-100.		
Phone Group	Select phone group which will be used for I/O configuration.		

Table 3-4-1-2 DO Settings

Related Topics

DI Setting

3.4.2 Serial Port

This section explains how to configure serial port parameters to achieve communication with serial terminals, and configure work mode to achieve communication with the remote data center, so as to achieve two-way communication between serial terminals and remote data center.

UR75 User Guide

Serial Settings		
Enable		
Serial Type	RS232	٣
Baud Rate	9600	•
Data Bits	8bits	*
Stop Bits	1bits	•
Parity	None	•
Software Flow Control		
Serial Mode	Modbus Master	•

	Figure 3-4-2-1	
Serial Settings		
ltem	Description	Default
Enable	Enable or disable serial port function.	Disable
Serial Type	Serial Port 1 is a RS232 port and Serial Port 2 is a RS485 port.	
Baud Rate	Range is 300-230400. Same with the baud rate of the connected terminal device.	9600
Data Bits	Options are "8" and "7". Same with the data bits of the connected terminal device.	8
Stop Bits	Options are "1" and "2". Same with the stop bits of the connected terminal device.	1
Parity	Options are "None", "Odd" and "Even". Same with the parity of the connected terminal device.	None
Software Flow Control	Enable or disable software flow control.	Disable
Serial Mode	Select work mode of the serial port. Options are "DTU Mode" , "Modbus Master", "Modbus Slave" and "GPS".	Disable
DTU Mode	In DTU mode, the serial port can establish communication with the remote server/client.	
GPS	In GPS mode, go to "Industrial > GPS > GPS Serial Forwarding" to select corresponding Serial Type, then GPS data will be forwarded to this serial port.	
Modbus Master	In Modbus Master mode, go to "Industrial > Modbus Master" to configure basic parameters and channels.	
Modbus Slave	In Modbus Slave mode, go to "Industrial > Modbus Slave" to	

UR75 User Guide

	configure basic	c parameters.		
		Table 3-4-2-1 Serial Parame	eters	
Serial Mode	DTU Mode	v		
DTU Protocol	Transparent	*		
Protocol	TCP	•		
Keepalive Interval	75	s		
Keepalive Retry Times	9			
Packet Size	1024	Bytes		
Serial Frame Interval	100	ms		
Reconnect Interval	10	s		
Specific Protocol				
Register String				
Destination IP Addres	s			
Server Ac	Idrose	Server Port	Status	Operation
Server Au	101000	JEIVELLUIL	Status	
				±
		Figure 3-4-2-2		
UModo				

Figure 3-4-2-2

DTU Mode			
ltem	Description	Default	
DTU Protocol	 Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus", "UDP server" and "TCP server". Transparent: the routed is used as TCP client/UDP and transmits data transparently. TCP server: the router is used as TCP server and transmits data transparently. UDP server: the router is used as UDP server and transmits data transparently. Modbus: the router will be used as TCP server with modbus gateway function, which can achieve conversion between Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP. 		
TCP/UDP Server			
Listening port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502	
Keepalive Interval	After TCP connection is established, client will send heartbeat packet regularly by TCP to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 in seconds.		
Keepalive Retry Times	When TCP heartbeat times out, router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, TCP connection will be reestablished. The retry times range is 1-16.	9	
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The size range is 1-1024. The unit is	1024	

	byte.	
	The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535, in	100
Serial Frame	milliseconds.	
Interval	Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial	
	frame interval.	

Table 3-4-2-2 DTU Parameters

ltem	Description	Default		
Transparent				
Protocol	Select "TCP" or "UDP" protocol.	ТСР		
Keepalive Interval (s)	After TCP client is connected with TCP server, the client will send heartbeat packet by TCP regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600, in seconds.			
Keepalive Retry Times	When TCP heartbeat times out, the router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, router will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	9		
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The range is 1-1024. The unit is byte.	1024		
Serial Frame Interval	The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535, in milliseconds. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.	100		
Reconnect Interval	After connection failure, router will reconnect to the server at the preset interval, in seconds. The range is 10-60.	10		
Specific Protocol	By Specific Protocol, the router will be able to connect to the TCP2COM software.			
Heartbeat Interval	By Specific Protocol, the router will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600, in seconds.	30		
ID	Define unique ID of each router. No longer than 63 characters without space character.			
Register String	Define register string for connection with the server.	Null		
Server Address	Fill in the TCP or UDP server address (IP/domain name).	Null		
Server Port	Fill in the TCP or UDP server port. Range: 1-65535.	Null		
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the server.			
Modbus				
Local Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502		
Maximum TCP Clients	Specify the maximum number of TCP clients allowed to connect th e router which act as a TCP server.	32		
Connection	If the TCP server does not receive any data from the slave device w	60		

Timeout	ithin the connection timeout period, the TCP connection will be bro ken.	
Reading Interval	Set the interval for reading remote channels. When a read cycle end s, the new read cycle begins until this interval expires. If it is set to 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read.	100
Response Timeout	Set the maximum response time that the router waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has timed out.	3000
Maximum Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to read.	3

Table 3-4-2-3 DTU Parameters

Related Configuration Example

DTU Application Example

3.4.3 Modbus Slave

This section describes how to achieve I/O status via Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU and Modbus RTU over TCP.

3.4.3.1 Modbus TCP

You can define the address of the DI and DO ports so as to poll DI's status and control DO's status via Modbus TCP protocol.

Status	Modbus TCP	Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU Over TCP
Network	Modbus TCP		
	Enable		
System 🕨	Port	502	
	DI Address	0	
Industrial 🔻	DO Address	0	
VO			
	Save		
Serial Port			
Modbus Slave			

Figure 3-4-3-1

Modbus TCP				
ltem	Description	Default		
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus TCP.	Disable		
Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502		
DI Address	Define the address of DI, range: 0-255.	0		

DO Address	Define the address of DO, range: 0-255.	0

Table 3-4-3-1 Modbus TCP Parameters

3.4.3.2 Modbus RTU

You can define the address of the DI and DO ports so as to poll DI's status and control DO's status via Modbus RTU protocol.

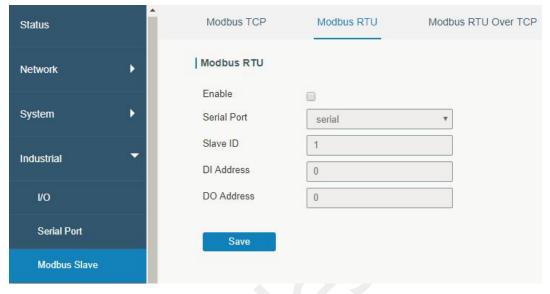


Figure 3-4-3-2

Modbus RTU				
ltem	Description	Default		
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus RTU.	Disable		
Serial Port	Select the corresponding serial port.	serial		
Slave ID	Set slave ID is used for distinguishing different devices on the same link.	1		
DI Address	Define the address of DI, range: 0-255.	0		
DO Addres <mark>s</mark>	Define the address of DO, range: 0-255.	0		
	Table 3-4-3-2 Modbus RTU Parameters			

3.4.3.3 Modbus RTU Over TCP

You can define the address of the DI and DO ports so as to poll DI's status and control DO's status via Modbus RTU over TCP.

Status		Modbus TCP	Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU Over TCP		
Network	•	Modbus RTU Over 1				
System	•	Enable Slave ID	1			
Industrial	•	Device ID Reconnect Interval	10	s		
VO		DI Address	0			
Serial Port		DO Address	0			
Modbus Slave		Server List				
Modbus Master		IF	0	Port	Status	Operation
GPS						œ

Figure 3-4-3-3

Modbus RTU Over TCP					
ltem		Description	Default		
Enable		Enable/disable Modbus RTU over TCP function.	Disable		
		Set slave ID is used for distinguishing different	1		
Slave ID		devices on the same link.	I		
		Set device ID. The server will get the device ID to the			
Device ID		server for identifying identity so that the server can			
		manage multiple devices.			
Reconnection		The reconnection interval when the device and the	10		
Interval		server fails to establish connection or disconnected.	10		
DI Address		Define the address of DI, range: 0-255.	0		
DO Address	s	Define the address of DO, range: 0-255.	0		
Server List					
IP		Enter the IP address of the server.			
Port Enter the port of the se		Enter the port of the server.Range: 0-65535.			
Status		Show the connection status between the router and the server.			
	Table 3-4-3-3 Modbus RTU Over TCP Parameters				

3.4.4 Modbus Master

UR75 router can be set as Modbus Master to poll the remote Modbus Slave and send alarm according to the response.

3.4.4.1 Modbus Master

You can configure Modbus Master's parameters on this page.

UR75 User Guide

Status	Î	Modbus Master	Channel	
Network	•	Modbus Master Setti	ng	
		Enable		
System		Read Interval	0	s
Industrial	-	Max. Retries	3]
musuai		Max. Response Time	500	ms
VO		Execution Interval	50	ms
Serial Port		Channel Name		Read
Modbus Slave		Save & Apply		
Modbus Master				
		Figure 3-4-4-	1	

Figure	3-4-4-1
--------	---------

Modbus Mas	Modbus Master					
ltem	Description	Default				
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus master.					
Read Interval/s	Set the interval for reading remote channels. When the read cycle ends, the commands which haven't been sent out will be discard, and the new read cycle begins. If it is set to 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read. Range: 0-600.	0				
Max. Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to read, range: 0-5.	3				
Max. Response Time/ms	Set the maximum response time that the router waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has timed out. Range: 10-1000.	500				
Execution Interval/ms	The execution interval between each command. Range: 10-1000.	50				
Channel Name	Select a readable channel form the channel list.					

Table 3-4-4-1

3.4.4.2 Channel

You can add the channels and configure alarm setting on this page, so as to connect the router to the remote Modbus Slave to poll the address on this page and receive alarms from the router in different conditions.

Modbus Ma	ster	Char	nnel							
Channel Set	ting									
Channel Sett	ing									
Name	Slave ID	Addres s	Numbe r	Туре	Link	IP Address	Port	Sign	Decima I Place	Operation
	1	0	1	Holding R	TCP T				0	×
										H



Channel Settin	lg
ltem	Description
Name	Set the name to identify the remote channel. It cannot be blank.
Slave ID	Set Modbus slave ID.
Address	The starting address for reading.
Number	The address number for reading.
T	Read command, options are "Coil", "Discrete", "Holding Register (INT16)", "Input
Туре	Register (INT16)", "Holding Register (INT32)" and "Holding Register (Float)".
Link	Select TCP for transportation.
IP address	Fill in the IP address of the remote Modbus device.
Port	Fill in the port of the remote Modbus device.
Sign	To identify whether this channel is signed. Default: Unsigned.
Decimal Place	Used to indicate a dot in the read into the position of the channel. For example: read the channel value is 1234, and a Decimal Place is equal to 2, then the actual value is 12.34.

Table 3-4-4-2

Alarm Setting		
	Name	tunnel1 v
	Condition	GE(>) •
	Max. Threshold	0
	Alarm	🖉 SMS 🗹 Email
	Phone Group	Ţ
	Email Group	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Normal Content	Note: \$YEAR/\$MON/\$DAY \$TIME, get NORMAL data \$VALUE from address \$ADDRESS of channel \$NAME. (Abnormal scope is
	Abnormal Content	Note: \$YEAR/\$MON/\$DAY \$TIME, get ABERRANT data \$VALUE from address \$ADDRESS of channel \$NAME. (Abnormal scope is
	Continuous Alarm	
	Sav	Ve Cancel

Figure 3-4-4-3

Alarm Setting		
ltem	Description	
Name	Set the same name with the channel name to identify the remote channel.	
Condition	The condition that triggers alert.	
Min.	Set the min. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is less	
Threshold	than this value, the alarm will be triggered.	
Max.	Set the max. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is more	
Threshold	than this value, the alarm will be triggered.	
Alarm	Select the alarm method, e.g SMS.	
SMS	The preset alarm content will be sent to the specified phone number.	
Phone	Select the phone group to receive the alarm SMS.	
Group	beleet the phone group to receive the didnit owo.	
Email Group	Select the Email group to receive the alarm Email.	
Normal Content	When the actual value is restored to the normal value from exceeding the threshold value, the router will automatically cancel the abnormal alarm and send the preset normal content to the specified phone group.	
Abnormal Content	When the actual value exceeds the preset threshold, the router will automatically trigger the alarm and send the preset abnormal content to the specified phone group.	
Continuous Alarm	Once it is enabled, the same alarm will be continuously reported. Otherwise, the same alarm will be reported only one time.	

Table 3-4-4-3

TCP Forwading			
Name	IP	Port	Operation
All			×
			H

Figure 3-4-4-4

TCP Forwarding			
ltem	Description		
Name	The name of Modbus Master's channel.		
IP	The IP address of the server which the packets are forwarded to.		
Port The port of the server's which the packets are forwarded to.			

Table 3-4-4-4

3.4.5 GPS

This section give you a detailed introduction to GPS settings, including GPS IP forwarding and GPS serial forwarding.

3.4.5.1 GPS

When you want to receive GPS data, you should enable GPS function on this page.

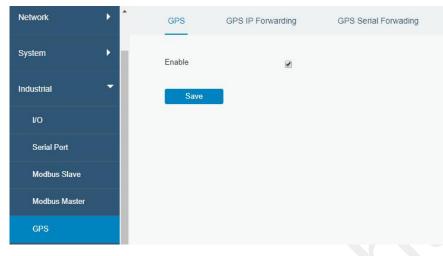


Figure 3-4-5-1

3.4.5.2 GPS IP Forwarding

GPS IP forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded over the Internet.

Enable	•		
Туре	Client	۲]
Protocol	TCP Protocol	۲]
Keepalive Interval	75		s
Keepalive Retry	9		times
Reconnect Interval	10		s
Report Interval	30		s
Include RMC			-
Include GSA			
Include GGA			
Include GSV	V		
Message Prefix]

Figure 3-4-5-2

Destination IP	Address			
	Server Address	Server Port	Status	Operation
				Ð

Figure 3-4-5-3

GPS IP Forward	ing	
ltem	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the client or server.	Disable
Туре	Select connection type of the router. The options are "Client" and "Server".	Client
Protocol	Select protocol of data transmission. The options are "TCP" and "UDP".	ТСР
Keepalive Interval	After it's connected with server/client, the router will send heartbeat packet regularly to the server/client to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600, in seconds.	75
Keepalive Retry	When TCP heartbeat times out, the router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, router will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	9
Local Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	
Reconnect Interval	After connection failure, router will reconnect to the server at the preset interval, in seconds. The range is 10-60.	10
Report Interval	Router will send GPS data to the server/client at the preset interval, in seconds. The range is 1-60.	30
Include RMC	Whether include RMC in GPS data.	
Include GSA	Whether include GSA in GPS data.	
Include GGA	Whether include GGA in GPS data.	
Include GSV	Whether include GSV in GPS data.	
Message Prefix	Add a prefix to the GPS data.	Null
Message Suffix	Add a suffix to the GPS data.	Null
Destination IP A	ddress	
Server Address	Fill in the server address to receive GPS data (IP/domain name).	
Server Port	Fill in the port to receive GPS data. Range: 1-65535.	
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the server.	

Table 3-4-5-1 GPS IP Forwarding Parameters

3.4.5.3 GPS Serial Forwarding

GPS IP forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded to the serial port.

GPS	GPS IP Forwarding	GPS Serial Forwading
GPS Serial Fo	orwading	
Enable	Ø	
Serial Type	Serial 1	~
Trap Interval	30	
Include RMC		
Include GSA		
Include GGA		
Include GSV		

Figure 3-4-5-4

GPS Serial Forwarding		
ltem	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the preset serial port.	Disable
Serial Type	Select the serial port to receive GPS data.	Serial1
Report Interval	Router will forward the GPS data to the serial port at the preset interval, in seconds. The range is 1-60.	30
Include RMC	Whether include RMC in GPS data.	
Include GSA	Whether include GSA in GPS data.	
Include GGA	Whether include GGA in GPS data.	
Include GSV	Whether include GSV in GPS data.	

 Table 3-4-5-2 GPS Serial Forwarding Parameters

3.5 Maintenance

This section describes system maintenance tools and management.

3.5.1 Tools

Troubleshooting tools includes ping, traceroute, packet analyzer and qxdmlog.

3.5.1.1 Ping

Ping tool is engineered to ping outer network.

UR75 User Guide

System	•	Ping	Traceroute	Packet Analyzer	Qxdmlog	
Industrial	•	IP Ping			Ping Stop	
Maintenance	-	Tiost				
Tools						

Figure 3-5-1-1

PING	
ltem	Description
Host	Ping outer network from the router.
	Table 3-5-1-1 IP Ping Parameters

3.5.1.2 Traceroute

Traceroute tool is used for troubleshooting network routing failures.

Ping	Trace	route	Packet Analyze	er	Qxdmlog	
Host	ute			Trace		Stop
			Figure 3-5-1-2			
Traceroute						
Item		Description				
Host		Address of t	the destination h	lost to be d	etected.	
		Table 3-5-1-	2 Traceroute Parar	neters		

3.5.1.3 Packet Analyzer

Packet Analyzer is used for capturing the packet of different interfaces.

Ping	Traceroute	Packet Analyzer	Qxdmlog
Packet Ana	alyzer		
Ethernet Int	erface	Any	•
IP Address			
Port			
Advanced			
Start	Stop	Download	

Figure 3-5-1-3

Packet Analyzer		
Item	Description	
	Select the interface. Select from:	
Ethernet Interface	ANY/LAN/WAN/Cellular/gre0/gretap0/Looplack/tepl0/tunl0/WLA	
	N1 (default is ANY).	
IP Address	Set the IP address that the router will capture.	
Port	Set the port that the router will capture.	
Advanced	Set the rules for sniffer. The format is tcpdump.	
	Table 2 5 1 2 Dealest Analyzer Decemptore	

Table 3-5-1-3 Packet Analyzer Parameters

3.5.1.4 Qxdmlog

This section allow collecting diagnostic logs via QXDM tool.





3.5.2 Debugger

3.5.2.1 Cellular Debugger

This section explains how to send AT commands to router and check cellular debug information.

Cellular Debugger	Firewall Debugger	
ellular Debugger		
Command	Eg: AT+CGREG? Send	
/iew Recent Logs	20 *	
lines)		
Result	2020-05-08 19:23:38: [SEQ2,ID2]<<< OK	•
	2020-05-08 19:23:38: [SEQ3,ID3]>>> ATE0	
	2020-05-08 19:23:38: [SEQ3,ID3]<<< ATE0	
	2020-05-08 19:23:38: [SEQ3,ID3]<<< OK	
	2020-05-08 19:23:39: [SEQ4,ID8]>>> AT+CMEE=2	
	2020-05-08 19:23:39: [SEQ4,ID8]<<< OK	
	2020-05-08 19:23:43: [SEQ39,ID1]>>> AT+QGPS=1	
	2020-05-08 19:23:43: [SEQ39,ID1]<<< OK	
	2020-05-08 19:23:43: [SEQ40,ID63]>>> AT+QMBNCFG="Autosel",1	
	2020-05-08 19:23:43: [SEQ40,ID63]<<< OK	
	2020-05-08 19:23:43: [SEQ42,ID13]>>> AT+CPIN?	
	2020-05-08 19:23:43: [SEQ42,ID13]<<< +CME ERROR: SIM not inserted	
	2020-05-08 19:23:51: [SEQ1,ID48]>>> AT+CFUN=0	
	2020-05-08 19:23:51: [SEQ1,ID48]<<< OK	
	2020-05-08 19:23:51: [SEQ1,ID48]<<< +QIND: "csq",99,99	
	2020-05-08 19:23:56: [SEQ2,ID47]>>> AT+CFUN=1	
	2020-05-08 19:23:59: [SEQ2,ID47]<<< OK	
	2020-05-08 19:23:59: [SEQ2,ID47]<<< +QIND: "csq",18,99	Ψ.
	2020-05-08 19	

Figure 3-5-2-1

Cellular Debugger		
Item	Description	
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular modem.	
View Recent Logs (lines)	View the specified lines of the result.	
Result	Show the response result from cellular modem.	
	Table 3-5-2-1 Cellular Debugger Parameters	

3.5.2.2 Firewall Debugger

This section explains how to send commands to router and check firewall information.

Cellular Debugger	Firewall Debugger	
Firewall Debugger		
Command	Eg: -t nat -nvL INPUT	Send
Result		
	Clear Log Download	

Figure 3-5-2-2

Firewall Debugger		
ltem	Description	
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to firewall module.	
Result	Show the response result from firewall module.	
	Table 3-5-2-2 Firewall Debugger Parameters	

3.5.3 Log

The system log contains a record of informational, error and warning events that indicates how the system processes. By reviewing the data contained in the log, an administrator or user troubleshooting the system can identify the cause of a problem or whether the system processes are loading successfully. Remote log server is feasible, and router will upload all system logs to remote log server such as Syslog Watcher.

3.5.3.1 System Log

This section describes how to view the recent log on web.

pg					
/iew recent(lines)		20	•		
Fri May 8 19:32:32 2	2020 daemon debug vtv	sh ubus[1631]: ubus lib	.c:428 call command 'er	ď	
	· · ·	107]: finish yruo log.get			
	2020 user.info : Failed to				
	2020 user.info : STAF				
Fri May 8 19:32:36 2	2020 user.debug httpd[3	107]: ==call yruo log.ge	t 📕		
Fri May 8 19:32:36 2	2020 daemon.debug vty	sh ubus[1631]: ubus lib	.c:428 call command 'er	id'	1917
Fri May 8 19:32:37	2020 user.debug httpd[3	107]: finish yruo_log.get			
Fri May 8 19:32:38 2	2020 daemon.info dhclie	nt: No DHCPOFFERS r	eceived.		
Fri May 8 19:32:38 2	2020 daemon.info dhclie	nt: No working leases in	persistent database - sl	eeping.	
Fri May 8 19:32:40 2	2020 user.info : Failed to	open GPS device.			
Fri May 8 19:32:40 2	2020 user.info : STAF	T COLLECTION			
Fri May 8 19:32:42 2	2020 user.debug httpd[3	107]: ==call yruo_log.ge	t		
Fri May 8 19:32:42 2	2020 daemon.debug vty	sh_ubus[1631]: ubus_lib	.c:428 call command 'er	id'	*
Clear Log				5s	• Refree
			ure 3-5-3-1		

Item	Description	
View recent (lines)	View the specified lines of system log.	
Clear Log	Clear the current system log.	

3.5.3.2 Log Download

This section describes how to download log files.

System Log	Log Download	Log Settings		
Download				Download All
File M	Name	File Size/KB	Creation Time	Operation
vpn	.log	1	2020/04/30 14:37:55	↓
syste	m.log	872	2020/05/08 19:35:03	↓
httpo	d.log	645	2020/05/08 19:34:12	↓
firewa	all.log	0	2020/04/30 14:37:09	↓
cellul	ar.log	1619	2020/05/08 19:35:01	↓

Figure 3-5-3-2

Log Download	
ltem	Description
Download All	Download all log files.

File Name	Show the name of log files.
File Size/KB	Show the size of log files.
Creation Time	Show the creation time of log files.
Operation	Click to download every log file.
	Table 2 E 2 2 System Lag Decemptor

Table 3-5-3-2 System Log Parameter

3.5.3.3 Log Settings

This section explains how to enable remote log server and local log setting.

	System Log	Log Download	Log Settings		
	Remote Log Se	erver			
	Enable				
	Syslog Server A	ddress			
	Port		514]	
	Local Log File				
	Storage		Local]	
	Size		2048	КВ	
	Log Severity		Debug		
	Save				
		Figure 3	-5-3-3		
	ettings				
ltem		Description			
Remo	ote Log Server				
Enabl	e	With "Remote Log system logs to the	Server" enabled, router will ser remote server.	ıd all	
Syslo	g Server Address	Fill in the remote syname).	ystem log server address (IP/c	lomain	
Port		Fill in the remote s	ystem log server port.		
Local	Log File				
Stora	orage User can store the log file in memory or TF card.				
Size		Set the size of the	log file to be stored.		
Log S	Severity The list of severities follows the syslog protocol.				

Table 3-5-3-3 Log Settings Parameters

3.5.4 Upgrade

This section describes how to upgrade the router firmware via web. Generally you don't need to do the firmware upgrade.

Note: any operation on web page is not allowed during firmware upgrade, otherwise the upgrade will be interrupted, or even the device will break down.

Upgrade			
Upgrade			
Firmware Version	76.1.0.11		
Reset Configuration to Factory Default			
Upgrade Firmware		Browse	Upgrade
	Figure 3-5-4-1		
Ingrada			

Upgrade	
Item	Description
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version.
Reset Configuration to	When this option is checked, the router will be reset to
Factory Default	factory defaults after upgrade.
Upgrade Firmware	Click "Browse" button to select the new firmware file, and
opgrade i innware	click "Upgrade" to upgrade firmware.

Table 3-5-4-1 Upgrade Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Firmware Upgrade

3.5.5 Backup and Restore

This section explains how to create a complete backup of the system configurations to a file, restore the config file to the router and reset to factory defaults.

Backup and Restore			
Restore Config			
Config File		Browse	Import
Backup Running-config			
Backup			
Restore Factory Defaults			
Reset			

Figure 3-5-5-1

Backup and Restore				
Item	Description			
Config File	Click "Browse" button to select configuration file, and then click "Import" button to upload the configuration file to the router.			
Backup	Click "Backup" to export the current configuration file to the PC.			
Reset	Click "Reset" button to reset factory default settings. Router will restart after reset process is done.			

Table 3-5-5-1 Backup and Restore Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Restore Factory Defaults

3.5.6 Reboot

On this page you can reboot the router immediately or regularly. We strongly recommend clicking "Save" and "Apply" button before rebooting the router so as to avoid losing the new configuration.

Reboot					
Reboot Device					
Reboot Now	l				
Schedule					
Enable					
Cycles	Every Day	•	0	:	0
	Every Day				
	Every Week Every Month				

Figure 3-5-6-1

Reboot	
Item	Description
Reboot Now	Reboot the router immediately.
Schedule	
Enable	Reboot the router at a scheduled frequency.
Cycles	Select the date and time to execute the schedule.
	Table 2 E 2 1 Cabadula Davamatava

Table 3-5-2-1 Schedule Parameters

3.6 APP

3.6.1 Python

Python is an object-oriented programming language that has gained popularity because of its clear syntax and readability.

As an interpreted language, Python has a design philosophy that emphasizes code readability, notably using whitespace indentation to delimit code blocks rather than curly brackets or keywords, and a syntax that allows programmers to express concepts in fewer lines of code than it's used in other languages such as C++ or Java. The language provides constructs and intends to enable writing clear programs on both small and large scale.

Users can use Python to quickly generate the prototype of the program, which can be the final interface of the program, rewrite it with a more appropriate language, and then encapsulate the extended class library that Python can call.

This section describes how to view the relevant running status such as App-manager, SDK version, extended storage, etc. Also you can change the App-manager configuration, and import the Python App package from here.

3.6.1.1 Python

Micro SD card must be installed for Python App.

Python	AppManager Configuration		Python APP		
Python					
AppManager	Status	Uninstalled			
SDK Version					
SDK Path					
Available Stor	age	eMMC	~		
SDK Upload				Browse	Install



Python		
Item Description		
AppMapagar Statua	Show AppManager's running status, like "Uninstalled",	
AppManager Status	"Running" or "Stopped".	
SDK Version Show the version of the installed SDK.		
SDK Path Show the SDK installation path.		
Available Storage	Select available storage such as eMMC to install SDK.	
SDK Upload	SDK Upload Upload and install SDK for Python.	
Uninstall	Uninstall SDK.	

	View	View application status managed by AppManager.
--	------	--

Table 3-6-1-1 Python Parameters

3.6.1.2 App Manager Configuration

Python	AppManager Configurat	tion Python APP		
AppManager				
Enable				
App Managemer	it			
ID	Ap	p Command	Logfile Size(MB)	Uninstall
App Status				
A	App Name	App Version		SDK Version

Figure 3-6-1-2

AppManager Con	figuration		
ltem	Description		
Enable	After enabling Python AppManager, user can click "View" button on the "Python" webpage to view the application status managed by AppManager.		
App Management			
ID	Show the ID of the imported App.		
App Command	Show the name of the imported App.		
Logfile Size(MB)	User-defined Logfile size. Range: 1-50.		
Uninstall	Uninstall APP.		
App Status			
App Name	Show the name of the imported App.		
App Version	Show the version of the imported App.		
SDK Version	Show the SDK version which the imported App is based on.		
	Table 2-6.1-2 ADD Manager Darameters		

Table 3-6-1-2 APP Manager Parameters

3.6.1.3 Python App

Python	AppManager Configuration	Python APP
Import App Pac	kage	
App Package		Browse Import
Import App Cor	figuration	
App Name		*
App Configuration	n	Browse Import
Debug Script		
Debug File		Export
Debug Script		Browse Import



Python APP		
Item	Description	
App Package	Select App package and import.	
App Name	Select App to import configuration.	
App Configuration	Select configuration file and import.	
Debug File	Export script file.	
Debug Script	Select Python script to be debugged and import.	

Table 3-6-1-3 APP Parameters

Chapter 4 Application Examples

4.1 Restore Factory Defaults

4.1.1 Via Web Interface

- 1. Log in web interface, and go to "Maintenance > Backup and Restore".
- 2. Click "Reset" button under the "Restore Factory Defaults".

You will be asked to confirm if you'd like to reset it to factory defaults. Then click "Reset" button.

System	Backup and Restore
Industrial 🕨 🕨	Restore Config
Maintenance 🔻	Config File Browse Import Backup Running-config
Tools	Backup
Debugger	Restore Factory Defaults
Log	Reset
Upgrade	
Backup and Restore	
Backup Running-co	nfig
Restore Factory De	/aults
Reset	×
	Reset operation will erase all configuration data on Router and reset the system to factory defaults. Continue? Reset Cancel

Then the router will reboot and restore to factory settings immediately.

Restore Config	
Config File	Browse
Backup Running-config	
Backup	Reset, please do not power off
Restore Factory Defaults	
Reset	

Please wait till the SYSTEM LED blinks slowly and login page pops up again, which means the router has already been reset to factory defaults successfully.

Related Topic

Restore Factory Defaults

4.2.2 Via Hardware

Locate the reset button on the router, and take corresponding actions based on the status of SYSTEM LED.

SYSTEM LED	Action
Blinking	Press and hold the reset button for more than 5 seconds.
Static Green → Rapidly Blinking	Release the button and wait.
$Off \rightarrow Blinking$	The router is now reset to factory defaults.

4.2 Firmware Upgrade

It is suggested that you contact Milesight technical support first before you upgrade router firmware. After getting firmware file please refer to the following steps to complete the upgrade.

- 1. Go to "Maintenance > Upgrade".
- 2. Click "Browse" and select the correct firmware file from the PC.
- 3. Click "Upgrade" and the router will check if the firmware file is correct. If it's correct, the firmware will be imported to the router, and then the router will start to upgrade.

Note: It is recommended to check the box of Reset Configuration to Factory Default before upgrade.

System 🕨	Upgrade		
Industrial 🕨 🕨	Upgrade	76.1.0.11	
Maintenance 🗸	Firmware Version Reset Configuration to Factory Default		
Tools	Upgrade Firmware	Browse Upgra	de
Debugger			
Log			
Upgrade			

Related Topic

<u>Upgrade</u>

4.3 Events Application Example

Example

In this section, we will take an example of sending alarm messages by email when the following events occur and recording the event alarms on the Web GUI.

Events	Actions to make events occur (for test)
Router system start up.	Plug the power supply of the router.
Router system time update.	Set up system time manually.

Configuration Steps

- 1. Go to "System > Events > Events Settings" and enable Event settings.
- 2. Check corresponding events for record and email alarm, and then click "Save" button as below.

Events E	vents Settings			
Events Settings				
Enable				
Phone Group List		•		
Email Group List	1	•		
Events	Record	Email Email Setting	SMS SMS Setting	SNMP
System Star	tup 🖉			
System Reb	oot 📃			
System Time U	Ipdate 🖉			

3. Configure the corresponding parameters including email sending settings and email groups as below. Click "Save" and "Apply" button to make the changes take effect.

General	System Time	Email	Storage
SMTP Client Settin	gs		
Enable			
Email Address	contact@milesi	ght.com	
Password	•••••		
SMTP Server Addres	s smtp.milesight.	com	
Port	25		
Encryption	STARTTLS	~	
Test			

Email List			
Email Address		Description	Operation
iot.contact@milesight.co	m	support	×
			Ð
Email Group List			
Group ID	Description	Email Address	Operation
1	support	iot.contact@milesight.com	e ×
			Ŧ

 To test the functionality of Alarm, please take the corresponding actions listed above. It will send an alarm e-mail to you when the relevant event occurs. Refresh the web GUI, go to "Events > Events", and you will find the events records.

Events **Events Settings** Mark as Read Delete Mark All as Read Delete All Alarms Status Туре Time Message Unread System Time Update 2019-05-15 09:39:08 system time update Unread 2019-05-09 11:48:25 System Startup system startup GO 10 . Go to:

Related Topics

<u>Events</u> Email Setting

4.4 SNMP Application Example

Before you configure SNMP parameters, please download the relevant "MIB" file from the UR75's WEB GUI first, and then upload it to any software or tool which supports standard SNMP protocol. Here we take "ManageEngine MibBrowser Free Tool" as an example to access the router to query cellular information.

1. Go to "System > SNMP > MIB" and download the MIB file "LTE-ROUTER-MIB.txt" to PC.

System 🔻	•	SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB	
General Settings		MIB Downloa	ad				
Phone & SMS		MIB File		LTE-ROU	TER-MIB.b •	Download	
User Management							
SNMP							
AAA							

2. Start "ManageEngine MibBrowser Free Tool" on the PC. Click "File > Load MIB" on the menu bar. Then select "LTE-ROUTER-MIB.txt" file from PC and upload it to the software.

MarageEngine MibBrov File Edit View Operations	Help	ti 🖄 📾 🐞 🛫 🚭 🍳	b 🛛 🔒 🔮	ð 🧇 【	Download More Free Tools	×
& Loaded MibModules ⊪-& LTE-ROUTER-MIB	Community	alhost. ✓	Port Write Community	161		~
	Set Value Device Type Device Type Identified Suggested OIDs	d Not Available		(🕽 Reload	
	Object ID Loading MIBs Failed: Loading MIBs C:User: Loading MIBs Failed:	rs\Ursalink\Desktop\LTE-ROUTER-MIE	3.txt			 ^
	Loading MIBs C:\User: Done.	rs/Ursalink/Desktop/LTE-ROUTER-MIE	3.txt			~

Click the "+" button beside "LTE-ROUTER-MIB", which is under the "Loaded MibModules" menu, and find "usCellularinfo". And then you will see the OID of cellular info is ".1.3.6.1.4.1.50234", which will be filled in the MIB View settings.

	p 🕺 🏂	🛅 🐞 🛫 🔤	🎭 🔚	🛛 🖬 🎒 🧇	Oownload More Free Tools	
Loaded MibModules	Host Community	localhost	~	Port Write Community	161	~
ia - 🔄 rtRouteManagement ia - 🔄 rtRouterInfos ia - 📴 rtRouterInfo	Set Value		~]		
i de la constante de la const	Device Type Ide	(Second			C Reloa	d
		net. private. enterprises	.lteroute	r.rtRouteManagemen		ul ar Infe
- % rtCellularRegi - % rtCellularICCIE - % rtCellularICCIE - % rtCellularISI - % rtCellularIASI - % rtCellularIASI	Loading MIBs Fa	Users\Ursalink\Desktop				
	Done.					
- KCellularIMEI - KCellularCelllt - KCellularCelllt - KCelluarNetPr - KCelluarNetTy		ltiVar				
		ltiVar		Status Reference		

3. Go to "System > SNMP > SNMP" on the router's WEB GUI. Check "Enable" option, then click "Save" button.

SNMP Settings				
Enable				
Port		161		
SNMP Version		SNMPv2		•
Location Informati	on	Xiamen_C	hina	
Contact Informatio	on	Xiamen_U	rsalink_co ltd.	

4. Go to "System > SNMP > MIB View". Click + to add a new MIB view and define the view to be accessed from the outside network. Then click "Save" button.

	View Name		View Filter		View O	ID	Operation
cellular		Include	ł	•	1.3.6.1.4.1.50234.	1.3	×

5. Go to "System > SNMP > VACM". Click 🛨 to add a new VACM setting to define the access authority for the specified view from the specified outside network. Click "Save" and "Apply" to make the changes take effect.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Тгар	MIB			
SNMP v1 & v2	2 User List						
Con	nmunity	Permission		MIB View		Network	Operation
public		Read-Write	•	cellular	•	0.0.0/0	
		0			-		

6. Go to MibBrowser, enter host IP address, port and community. Right click "usCellular CurrentSim"

and then click "FET". Then you will get the current SIM info on the result box. You can get other cellular info in the same way.

ManageEngine MibBrowser Free Tool Eile Edit View Operations Help				And Sal Ord Parts		_		×
🚴 🍰 🗊 🚳 🖻 🐚 🗊 👔	🔊 🔨 🖄	🛅 🐞 🛫 🚥	00 🖂		۹ 🚺	Download More Free Tools	5	
aded MibModules LTE-ROUTER-MIB enterprises Iterouter rtRouteManagement rtRouterInfos rtRouterInfos rtCellularCurrentSim rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat rtCellularModemStat	Host Community Set Value Device Type Device Type Id Suggested OID Object ID	OS None	public le et. private. er	Port Write Commi	161 unity	C Rel	load	
	Sent GET reque	st to 192.168.22.225 :	161 esult					
	Description M		esuit					~
rtCelluarNetworkStat	Syntax 0	CTET STRING		Status	current			
rtCelluarNetworkNeti	Access r	ead-only		Reference				
rtCelluarNetworkGati V	Index							
	Object ID .	1. 3. 6. 1. 4. 1. 50234. 1	1.3.1					
Global View	Description	"The current SIM	card used"	50 				

Related Topic

SNMP

4.5 Network Connection

4.5.1 Cellular Connection

The UR75 routers have two cellular interfaces, named SIM1 & SIM2. Only one cellular interface is active at one time. If both cellular interfaces are enabled, SIM1 interface takes precedence as default.

Example

We are about to take an example of inserting a SIM card into SIM1 slot of the UR75 and configuring the router to get Internet access through cellular.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular > Cellular Setting" and configure the cellular info.

Status	Link Failover Cellular	Port WAN	Bridge Switch Loopback
Network	Cellular Settings	SIM1	SIM2
Interface	APN	vodafone	
DHCP	Username		
	Password		
Firewall	PIN Code		
QoS	Access Number		
VPN	Authentication Type	Auto	Auto
IP Passthrough	Network Type	Auto	Auto
	PPP Preferred		
Routing	SMS Center		
VRRP	Enable NAT		2
DDNS -	Roaming		

Click "Save" and "Apply" for configuration to take effect.

2. Go to "Network > Interface > Link Failover" to enable correspond SIM and change link priority.

Status	Link Failover	C	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	Switch	Loopback
Network	Link Priority							
Interface	Priority	Enable Rule	Link in use	Interface	Connection	Туре	IP	Operation
DHCP	1			Cellular-SIM1				
Firewall	2	¥		Cellular-SIM2	DHCP		e .	
QoS VPN	3	V		WAN	Static IF	2	192.168.22.225	
VEN								

Click to configure ICMP ping detection information.

Enable			
Primary Server (IPv4)	8.8.8.8		
Secondary Server (IPv4)	114.114.114.114		
Interval	300	s	
Retry Interval	5	s	
Timeout	3	s	
Max Ping Retries	3		

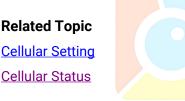
4. Check the cellular connection status by WEB GUI of router.

Click "Status > Cellular" to view the status of the cellular connection. If it shows 'Connected', SIM1 has dialed up successfully.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
Modem			N	etwork		
Status	Ready		S	Status	Connec	ted
Model	EC25		IF	^D Address	10.2.25.	74
Current SIM	SIM1		N	letmask	255.255	.255.240
Signal Level	29asu	(-55dBm)	G	ateway	10.2.25.	73
Register Status	Regist	ered (Home network)	C	INS	211.136	.17.107
IMEI	86158	5042050250	c	Connection Duration	0 days,	00:00:34
IMSI	46004	5927703654	In	ata Usage Monthly	,	
ICCID	89860	439101880723654	• 25 0	-		
ISP	CHINA	MOBILE	S	IM-1	RX: 0.0 MiB	MiB TX: 0.0 MiB ALL: 0.0
Network Type	FDD L	TE	S	IM-2	RX: 0.0	MiB TX: 0.0 MiB ALL: 0.0
PLMN ID	46000				MiB	
LAC	592f					
Cell ID	271f84	18				

5. Check out if network works properly by browser on PC.

Open your preferred browser on PC, type any available web address into address bar and see if it is able to visit Internet via the UR75 router.



4.5.2 Ethernet WAN Connection

Example

WAN port of the UR75 is connected with Ethernet cable to get Internet access.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" to configure WAN parameters. The following examples of static IP type, DHCP Client type, and PPPoE type are listed for your reference.

UR75 User Guide

(1) Static IP

Status	Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Brid
Network 👻	WAN Settings				
Interface	— WAN_1				
DHCP	Enable	ſ			1
Firewall	Port		WAN		
QoS	Connection Type	e	Static IP	•	
VPN	IPv4 Address Netmask		192.168.22.231		
IP Passthrough	IPv4 Gateway		192.168.22.1		
Routing	IPv6 Address		fe80::26e1:24ff:	fef0:3ee0	
VRRP	Prefix-length		64		
DDNS	IPv6 Gateway				
System	MTU Primary DNS		8.8.8.8		
	Secondary DNS				
Industrial	Enable NAT				
DHCP Client					

Status	Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
Network 🗸	WAN Settings				
Interface	- WAN_1				
DHCP	Enable	ſ	•		1
Firewall	Port		WAN		
QoS	Connection Typ MTU	e	DHCP Client	•	
VPN	Use Peer DNS				
IP Passthrough	Primary DNS		8.8.8.8		
Routing	Secondary DNS	5			
VRRP	Enable NAT	l	•		1

www.milesight-iot.com

UR75 User Guide

(3) PPPoE

Status	Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
Network 🔫	— WAN_1				
Interface	Enable				T.
DHCP	Port Connection Type	e	WAN PPPoE	•	
Firewall	Username	T.A.	059293684762		
QoS	Password		•••••		
VPN	Link Detection Ir	nterval(s)	60		
IP Passthrough	Max Retries		0]	
Routing	MTU Use Peer DNS		1500		
VRRP	Primary DNS		8.8.8.8		
DDNS	Secondary DNS				
System	Enable NAT	l			

Note: if you select PPPoE type, please check the "Username" & "Password" with your local ISP. Click "Save & Apply" button to make the changes take effect.

2. Go to "Network > Interface > Link Failover" to change the WAN priority to 1.

Status	Link Failover	С	ellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	Switch	Loopback
Network 👻	Link Priority							
Interface	Priority	Enable Rule	Link in use	Interface	Connection	п Туре	IP	Operation
DHCP	1	۲	•	WAN	Static I	Р	192.168.22.225	
Firewall	2			Cellular-SIM1	DHCF)	5	
QoS	3		۰	Cellular-SIM2			-	
VPN								

Related Topic
WAN Setting
WAN Status

4.6 Wi-Fi Application Example

4.6.1 AP Mode

Application Example

Configure UR75 as AP to allow connection from users or devices.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WLAN" to configure wireless parameters as below.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	WLAN
WLAN1-2.4G					
Enable					
Work Mode	AF	.	~		
BSSID	24:	e1:24:f0:d9:40			
Radio Type	80	2.11n(2.4GHz)	~		
Channel	Au	ito	~		
Bandwidth	20	MHz	~		
SSID	Ro	uter_F0D940			
Encryption Mode	W	PA-PSK/WPA2-PSk	. •		
Cipher	Au	ito	~		
Key	••••	••••			
SSID Broadcast					
AP Isolation					
Guest Mode					

Click "Save" and "Apply" button after all configurations are done.

2. Use a smart phone to connect the access point of UR75. Go to "Status > WLAN", and you can check the AP settings and information of the connected client/user.

Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GP
WLAN Status							
Name	Status	Туре	SSID	IP A	Address	Netmask	
WLAN1	Running	AP	Router_F0D940	192.	168.10.1	255.255.255.0	
WLAN2	Running	AP	Router_F0D941	192.	168.10.1	255.255.255.0	
Associated Static	ons						
SSI	D	MAC Ad	ldress	IP Addre	ess	Connection Duration	1
Router_F	0D940	3c:cd:5d:4	17:10:8e	192.168.10	0.100	6 seconds	

4.6.2 Client Mode

Application Example

Configure UR75 as Wi-Fi client to connect to an access point to have Internet access.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WLAN" to configure wireless as below.

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge	WLAN
WLAN1-2.4G					
Enable					
Work Mode	Clier	nt	~	Scan	
SSID	WIFI	TEST			
BSSID	3C:C	D:5D:47:10:8E			
Encryption Mode	WPA	A2-PSK	~		
Cipher	AES		~		
Key		•••			
IP Setting					
Protocol	DHC	P Client	~		

Click "Save" and "Apply" button after all configurations are done.

2. Go to "Status > WLAN", and you can check the connection status of the client.

Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
WLAN Status							
Name	Status	Туре	SSID	IP A	Address	Netmask	
WLAN1	Connected	Client	WIFI TEST	192.1	168.43.10	255.255.255.0	
WLAN2	Running	AP	Router_F0D941	192.	168.10.1	255.255.255.0	
Associated Stat	ions						
S	SID	MAC Ad	dress	IP Addr	ess	Connection Duration	n
WIFI	TEST	3c:cd:5d:4	17:10:8e	192.168 .	43.1	3 seconds	

Related Topic

WLAN Setting

WLAN Status

www.milesight-iot.com

4.7 VRRP Application Example

Application Example

A Web server requires Internet access through the UR75 router. To avoid data loss caused by router breakdown, two UR75 routers can be deployed as VRRP backup group, so as to improve network reliability.

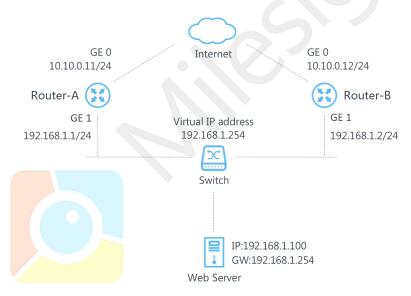
VRRP group:

WAN ports of the UR75 Router A and Router B are connected to the Internet via wired network. And LAN ports of them are connected to a switch.

Virtual IP is 192.168.1.254/24.

UR75 Router	Virtual Router ID (Same for A and B)	Port connected with switch	LAN IP Address	Priority	Preemption Mode
А	1	LAN2	192.168.1.1	110	Enable
В	1	LAN2	192.168.1.2	100	Disable

Refer to the topological below.



Configuration Steps

Router A Configuration

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure wired WAN connection as below.

UR75 User Guide

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
— WAN_1				
Enable				
Port		WAN		
Connection Type		Static IP	•	
IPv4 Address		10.10.0.11		
Netmask		255.255.255.0		
IPv4 Gateway		10.10.0.1		
IPv6 Address		fe80::26e1:24ff:	fef0:3ee0	
Prefix-length		64		
IPv6 Gateway				
MTU		1500		
Primary DNS		8.8.8.8		
Secondary DNS				
Enable NAT				

2. Go to "Network > VRRP > VRRP" and configure VRRP parameters as below.

Status	VRRP		
Mahurat.	VRRP Status		
Network 🔻	Status	DISABLE	
Interface	VRRP Settings		
	Enable		
DHCP	Interface	Bridge0	¥
Firewall	Virtual Router ID	1	
QoS	Virtual IP	192.168.1.254	
VPN	Priority	110	
VPN	Advertisement Interval (s)	1	
IP Passthrough	Preemption Mode		
Routing	IPV4 Primary Server	8.8.8.8	
VRRP	IPV4 Secondary Server	114.114.114.114	
VRRP	Interval	300	s
DDNS	Retry Interval	5	s
System	Timeout	3	s
	Max Ping Retries	3	

Router B Configuration

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure wired WAN connection as below.

UR75 User Guide

Link Failover	Cellular	Port	WAN	Bridge
— WAN_1				
Enable				
Port		WAN		
Connection Type		Static IP	•	
IPv4 Address		10.10.0.12		
Netmask		255.255.255.0		
IPv4 Gateway		10.10.0.1		
IPv6 Address		fe80::26e1:24ff:	fef0:3ee0	
Prefix-length		64		
IPv6 Gateway				
MTU		1500		
Primary DNS		8.8.8.8		
Secondary DNS				
Enable NAT				

2. Go to "Network > Link Failover > VRRP" and configure VRRP parameters as below.

Status	VRRP		
Network 👻	Status	DISABLE	
	VRRP Settings		
Interface	Enable		
DUOD	Interface	Bridge0	Ŧ
DHCP	Virtual Router ID	1	
Firewall	Virtual IP	192.168.1.254	
QoS	Priority	100	
VPN	Advertisement Interval (s)	1	
	Preemption Mode		
IP Passthrough	IPV4 Primary Server	8.8.8.8	
Routing	IPV4 Secondary Server	114.114.114.114	
VRRP	Interval	300	S
	Retry Interval	5	s
DDNS	Timeout	3	s
System 🕨	Max Ping Retries	3	

Once you complete all configurations, click "Apply" button on the top-right corner to make changes take effect.

Result: normally, A is the master router, used as the default gateway. When the power of Router A is down or Router A suffers from failure, Router B will become the master router, used as the default gateway. With Preemption Mode enabled, Router A will be master and Router B will demote back to be the backup once Router A can access the Internet again.

Related Topics

VRRP Setting

4.8 NAT Application Example

Example

An UR75 router can access Internet via cellular. LAN port is connected with a Web server whose IP address is 192.168.1.2 and port is 8000. Configure the router to make public network access the server.

Configuration Steps

Go to "Firewall > Port Mapping" and configure port mapping parameters.

🔷 Milesight			5 Apply
	For your device sec	urity, please change the default password!	
Status	Security ACL Port Mapping (2)	DMZ MAC Binding	Custom Rules SPI
Network 👻	Port Mapping		
Interface	Source IP Source Port Destinati	on IP Destination Protocol Port	Description Operation
DHCP	0.0.0.0/0 8000 192.168.1.2	800 TCP 🗸	
Firewall (1)			Đ
QoS	Save (4)		
Click "Save" and "Ap	oly" button.		
Related Topic			
Port Mapping			

4.9 Access Control Application Example

Application Example

LAN port of the UR75 is set with IP 192.168.1.0/24. Then configure the router to deny accessing to Google IP 172.217.160.100 from local device with IP 192.168.1.12. **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Firewall > ACL" to configure access control list. Click "
"
"
button to set
parameters as below. Then click "Save" button.

UR75 User Guide

Security	ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	MAC Binding		Custom Rules	SPI
ACL Setting	3. <u></u>						
Default Filter Po	blicy	Accept	•				
Access Contro	ol List						
		Туре	ĺ	extended	¥		
		ID		100			
		Action		deny	•		
		Protocol		ip	•		
		Source IP		192.168.1.12			
		Source Wildcard Mask	1	0.0.0.255			
		Destination IP	1	172.217.160.100			
		Destination Wildcard Mas	k	0.0.0.255			
		Description		google			
		Se	ave	Cancel			

2. Configure interface list. Then click "Save" and "Apply" button.

Security	ACL	Por	t Mapping	DMZ MA	AC Binding	Custom Rules	SPI
ACL Setting	9						
Default Filter	r Policy	Accep	ot	¥			
Access Cor	ntrol List						
ID	Action	Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	More Detail	Description	Operation
100	deny	ip	192.168.1.12/0.0.0. 255	172.217.160.100/0 0.0.255	2	google	×
							Ð
Interface Li	st						
	Interface		In <i>i</i>	ACL	0	ut ACL	Operation
Bridge	eO	٧	100	•		•	×

Related Topic

<u>ACL</u>

4.10 QoS Application Example

Example

Configure the UR75 router to distribute local preference to different FTP download channels. The total download bandwidth is 75000 kbps.

Note: the "Total Download Bandwidth" should be less than the real maximum bandwidth of WAN or cellular interface.

FTP Server IP & Port	Percent	Max Bandwidth(kbps)	Min Bandwidth(kbps)
110.21.24.98:21	40%	30000	25000
110.32.91.44:21	60%	45000	40000

Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Network > QoS > QoS(Download)" to enable QoS and set the total download bandwidth.

Download Bandwidt	n	
Enable		
Default Category]
Download Bandwidth	75000	kbits/s
Capacity		

2. Please find "Service Category" option, and click "
"
to set up service classes.

Note: the percents must add up to 100%.

Name	Percent(%)	Max BW(kbps)	Min BW(kbps)	Operation
1	40	30000	25000	
2	60	45000	40000	×

3. Please find "Service Category Rules" option, and click "
"
"
to set up rules."

Name	Source IP	Source Port	Destination IP	Destination Port	Protocol	Service Category	Operation
ftp1	110.21.24.98	21			ANY 🔻	1 •	×
ftp2	110.32.91.44	21			ANY 🔻	2 •	×

Note:

IP/Port: null refers to any IP address/port.

Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

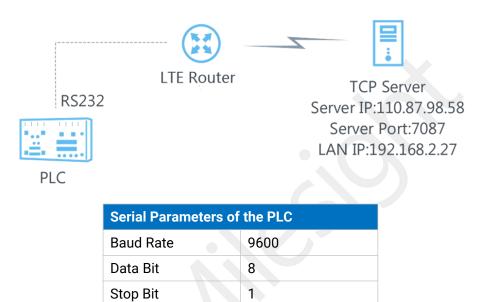
Related Topic

QoS Setting

4.11 DTU Application Example

Example

PLC is connected with the UR75 via RS232. Then enable DTU function of the UR75 to make a remote TCP server communicate with PLC. Refer to the following topological graph.



Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Industrial > Serial Port > Serial" and configure serial port parameters. The serial port parameter shall be kept in consistency with those of PLC, as shown in figure below.

None

Parity

Network	Serial1	Serial 2	
System 🕨	Serial Settings		
Industrial 🔻	Enable Serial Type	RS232	Ŧ
VO	Baud Rate	9600	•
Serial Port	Data Bits	8bits	T
	Stop Bits	1bits	•
Modbus Slave	Parity	None	T
Modbus Master	Software Flow Co	ntrol 📃	

2. Configure Serial Mode as "DTU Mode". The UR75 is connected as client in "Transparent" protocol.

System		Serial Mode	DTU Mode	•
Industrial		DTU Protocol	Transparent	•
		Protocol	ТСР	•
I/O		Keepalive Interval	75	s
Serial Port		Keepalive Retry Times	9	
Modbus TCP		Packet Size	1024	Bytes
		Serial Frame Interval	100	ms
GPS		Reconnect Interval	10	s
Maintenance		Specific Protocol		
		Register String	modem1	
Configure TCP server	IP and port.			
Destination IP Address				

Server Address	Server Port	Status	Operation
110.87.98.58	7087		×
			H

4. Once you complete all configurations, click "Save" and "Apply" button.

Destination IP Address			
Server Address	Server Port	Status	Operation
110.87.98.58	7087	Connected	×
			H

5. Start TCP server on PC.

Take "Netassist" test software as example. Make sure port mapping is already done.

(2) Local host IP 192.168.2.27 (3) Local host por 7087	TCF	Server		
(3) Local host por	(2)	Local hos	t IP	
	192	.168.2	2.2	27
2 * 1 * 2 * 2 * 2 *		Local hos	t por	

6. Connect the UR75 to PC via RS232 for PLC simulation. Then start "sscom" software on the PC to test communication through serial port.

ComNum	COM9	•		Close	Com
BaudRa	9600	-	D	TR	
DataBi	8	-	∏ Se	end eve	10
StopBi	1	-	∏ Se	endHEX	Г
Verifyl	None	-	Data	input:	
FlowCon	None	-	hellI	lo	

7. After connection is established between the UR75 and the TCP server, you can send data between sscom and Netassit.

PC side

SSCOM3.2	_		×
testtesttesttesttesttesttesttesttest			~
OpenFile FileNm SendFile SaveDate	a Cle	ar 🗌	- HexData
ComMum COMMI3 V () CloseCom Help BaudRa 9600 V DTR RTS DataBi 8 V Send eve 1000 ms/Time			EXT
DataBil8 ▼III Sand are 11000 MS/IMC			

TCP server side

	NetAssist (V3.7)
Settings	Data Receive
(1) Protocol	【Receive from 220.249.163.119 : 19049】:
TCP Server 💌	ursalink_modem1hellohellohellohellohellohellohellohell
(2) Local host IP	
192.168.2.27	
(3) Local host por	
7087	
l la	
- Disconnect	
Recv Options	
🗌 Receive to file	
🗌 Add line return	
🗌 Receive As HEX	
🔽 Receive Pause	
<u>Save</u> <u>Clear</u>	
Send Options	
🗌 🔲 Data from file	
🗌 Auto Checksum	
🔲 Auto Clear Input	
🗌 Send As Hex	
🗖 Send Cyclic	Peers: All Connections 💌
Interval 1000 ms	test
Load <u>Clear</u>	Send
💣 Ready!	Send : 208 Recv : 177 Reset

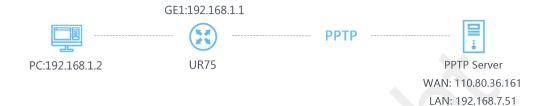
8. After serial communication test is done, you can connect PLC to RS232 port of the UR75 for test.

Related Topic

Serial Port

4.12 PPTP Application Example

Example



Configure the UR75 as PPTP client to connect to a PPTP server in order to have data transferred securely. Refer to the following topological graph.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to "Network > VPN > PPTP", configure PPTP server IP address, username and password provided by PPTP server.

Note: If you want to have all data transferred through VPN tunnel, check "Global Traffic Forwarding" option.

[OMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP
(Certifications				
PI	PTP Settings				
	- PPTP_1				
	Enable				
	Remote IP Ad	Idress		110.87.98.58	
	Username			pptpserver	
	Password			•••••	
	Authentication	ı		Auto	¥
	Global Traffic	Forwarding			
	Remote Subn	et			
	Remote Subn	et Mask			
	Advanced Set	ttings			

If you want to access peer subnet such as 192.168.3.0/24, you need to configure the subnet and mask to add the route.

Remote Subnet	192.168.3.0	
Remote Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	

2. Check "Show Advanced" option, and you will see the advanced settings.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP
Show Advan	ced		2	
Local IP Add	ress			
Peer IP Addr	ress			
Enable NAT				
Enable MPP	E			
Address/Con	trol Compressio	on		
Protocol Fiel	d Compression			
Asyncmap V	alue			
MRU			1500	
MTU			1500	
Link Detectio	on Interval (s)		60	
Max Retries			0	
Expert Optio	ns			

If the PPTP server requires MPPE encryption, then you need to check "Enable MPPE" option.

Enable MPPE

If the PPTP s	erve <mark>r</mark>	assigns	fixed	tunnel	IP to	o the	client,	then	you	can	fill	in	the	local	tunnel	IP	and
remote tunnel	IP, sh	own as b	below.														

-

Local IP Address	205.205.0.100]
Peer IP Address	205.205.0.1]

Otherwise PPTP server will assign tunnel IP randomly.

Click "Save" button when you complete all settings, and then the advanced settings will be hidden again. Then click "Apply" button to have the configurations take effect.

3. Go to "Status > VPN" and check PPTP connection status.

PPTP is established as shown below.

Local IP: the client tunnel IP.

Remote IP: the server tunnel IP.

UR75 User Guide

Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
Network	F	Clients							
Queters			Name	Status		Local IP		Remote IP	
System			pptp_1	Connected		120.205.0.100	20	5.205.0.1/32	
Industrial	•		ipsec_1	Disconnected		-		-	

Related Topics

<u>PPTP Setting</u> <u>PPTP Status</u>

